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Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor. "HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE." $1.50 and postage per year in advance.

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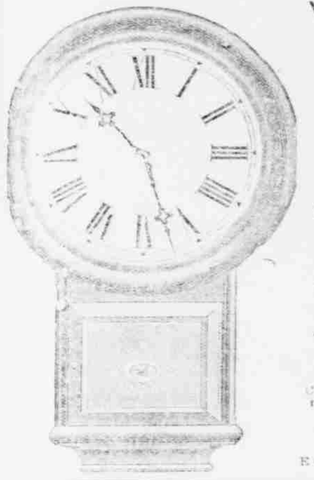

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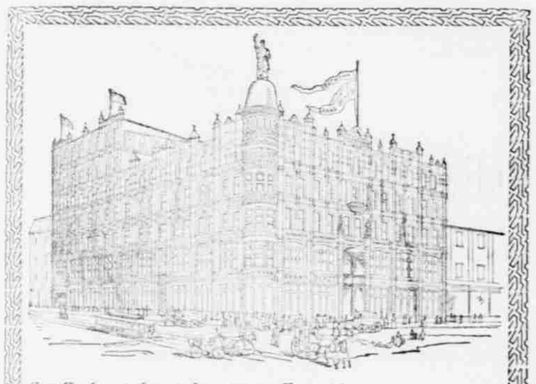

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Ebensburg, July 21, 1892.

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☞ Office on High street, in room formerly occupied by the Western Union Telegraph Company.

PEREGRINE BROWN'S TELEGRAM

When ill cures ill,
As it often will,
'Tis not always a homeopathic pill,
But a dose, sometimes, that will cure or kill.

How the fates did frown
On Peregrine Brown,
The wretchedest man in Meadowtown;
When he went to buy,
The price was high:
When he went to sell, the price went down.
His pipe went out, while his chimney smoked;
His well ran dry, though his hay was soaked.
It wouldn't have been so hard to bear
If his placid wife had borne her share
Of Fortune's trials in her own domain,
But her butter "came," and the kindly rain
Fell only on her serried beds,
Her pansy beds, and her starry phlox;
Though the chimney smoked, her bread was light,
Her racks of milk pans silver bright;
And she always sang the same old song:
"It's all your fault that things go wrong!"

At last one day,
A gale gave way,
And the cows broke loose in a wild foray
On his neighbor's cornfield. Hip, hooray!
If the last straw breaks the camel's back,
'Twere strange, indeed, if so huge a pack
Did not break down
Poor Peregrine Brown.

From his wife's shrill tongue and his neighbors' ire
He fled: but the omnipresent wire,
That probes the world with its points of fire,
Proved to his hiding place. It said:
"Peregrine Brown, your child is dead;
Your wife is dying!" Home he sped,
Forgetting the ills that he had fled,
Like grantstings healed a month ago.
In the terrible woe
That froze his heart like a shroud of snow.

At the well-known farm,
The angry neighbor touched his arm,
As he growled: "Now pay me for my corn,
That your cows destroyed!" With a flash of scorn
Brown flung him his due. "Now tell me, man
Does my wife yet live?" The churl began,
With shame-flushed cheek, to make reply:
"I have never heard she was like to die!
Who told you?"—A patter of little feet
Cut short his words. No sound more sweet
Is heard in Heaven. With sobs of joy
The father clasped to his heart his boy.

* * * * *

Though the rain still soaks
His hay and his rye,
Though his chimney smokes,
And his well runs dry;
Though the price is high
When he goes to buy
And is low as his well
When he goes to sell,
Though his "luckless man" will run away
On the very morn of a haying day;
Though his cows prefer green corn to hay,
And his wife still sings the same old song:
"It's all your fault that things go wrong!"
Though the fates still frown
(In a minor way)
Yet Peregrine Brown
Is blithe and gay—
In fact, as all his neighbors say,
He's the happiest man in Meadowtown.
—Edward Payson Jackson, in Youth's Companion.

SHE MADE HER WILL.

But Her Many Relatives Were Hardly Pleased With It.

Miss Gallipot was certainly very rich and was said to be enormously so. And her wealth had come to her quite unexpectedly.

It would have been natural that her cousin, old Josephat Gallipot (of the firm of Gallipot & Jams), who was known to be a millionaire, should have left her something handsome. But no one could have guessed he would make her his heiress, least of all after she had quarreled with him.

After he had been a widower twenty years old Josephat Gallipot made up his mind to marry his kitchen maid, who was not more than forty years his junior and was engaged to the milkman.

Then Miss Gallipot wrote him a letter:

"MY DEAR JOE: I don't suppose it will make any difference whether I write to you or not. I don't have a regard for you, and feel it on my conscience to do what I can to prevent your being a great misery on yourself.

"You have a perfect right to marry again if you choose, and you can certainly afford to pick a wife who has nothing but herself to recommend her. But the girl you are choosing would not accept the price if she brought you her own weight in gold, and she's no feather by the look of her.

"She will make you miserable, and I would beg you to draw back from giving her the opportunity. She has no affection for you, and if you have any for her it will make it the worse for you. Your sincerely affectionate cousin,
"SARAH GALLIPOT."

To this letter no reply was sent, and a week later the milkman's fiancee became Mrs. Gallipot. No further communication took place between the cousins, and a couple of years afterward Josephat Gallipot went the way of all flesh.

No one was more simply astonished than Miss Sarah Gallipot when she learned that she had succeeded to his entire fortune. He wrote:

"To my wife I bequeath my memory, knowing that my love has been enough for her, and that she has saved well during the two years of our wedded life, for I do not believe that our household expenses have been seventy-five thousand dollars per annum.

"To my cousin, Sarah Gallipot, I bequeath absolutely all my real and personal estate, in recognition of her candor and sincerity, and with unavailing regret that I did not profit by her warning."

The will was dated a fortnight before his death, and in process was duly proved and administered.

Then Miss Gallipot discovered how tenderly she was loved, and how countless were her kinsmen and kinswomen.

For fifty-nine years she had been in the habit of considering herself as rather alone in the world. In her sixtieth year she found it was not so.

Nieces dropped from the sky, nephews rose from the earth, the clouds distilled godchildren on to her head and cousins fell around her like hailstones.

Nor did they come empty.

Some brought game from the country, some sent choice fruits from their hothouses.

If she had lived to be seven hundred and eighty she could not have worn out the cozy bedroom slippers that were worked for her, and if she had had as many mouths as the Nile she could never have drunk up all the wines that were sent her.

Devonshire cream came out of the west; cakes of all sizes, shapes and descriptions came down from the north and oysters from all quarters came rapping at her door.

And the letters of affection that accompanied them! These pass all description, and should have convinced their recipient that of all the old ladies that had ever lived she was herself the dearest, most charming and most beloved by her friends.

Eleven years after the death of old Josephat Gallipot his cousin and heiress followed him.

It was a very hard winter, and from almost the beginning of it the old lady had declared that it would be her last on earth.

Her house, Gray Court, was a very big one; but it was soon filled to overflowing—filled with nieces and nephews, cousins and godchildren, all eager to be "in at the death."

Each had received a similar letter from the old lady's housekeeper saying: "Miss Gallipot thanks you for your desire to come and bid her good-by, but she begs you will not take the trouble of coming so far. She appreciates all your affection, but would not like to trespass. If, however, you insist on coming I have her orders to prepare a room for you."

And each one came.

Each found a comfortable apartment made ready for his or her arrival, and each found a Scripture text in large capital letters framed upon the mantelpiece. The text was the same in each room: "Where the carcass is there shall the eagles be gathered together."

Gray Court was full of guests, but not one of them was admitted to the dying chamber of the hostess.

The doctors, or the nurse, or the old housekeeper seemed always on guard, and it would have been easier to slip past a sentry than to get past them.

On the last day of the old year the life of their hostess ebbed away; and while the muffled peal was ringing out over the frozen fields her naked soul crept shivering out into the night.

On the eve of the twelfth day was the funeral, and, after it, all received a mandate from the deceased's lawyer to attend the reading of the will.

It was read in a very large room, like a storeroom, in which they all found themselves for the first time.

The will commenced with liberal bequests to the deceased's doctor, lawyer and parish clergyman, benefactions to the local poor and to certain charities. When these were finished the guests breathed freely.

Then followed generous legacies to her servants and a handsome provision for the old housekeeper who had been faithful to her during so many years.

Then came a list of the names of all the guests. "To each of whom," said the will, "I leave and bequeath such legacy and bequest as I have already indicated to you, my executor, and which you will in turn indicate and hand over to them on the occasion of the reading of this, my last will and testament."

The lawyer paused, and rising from his place, requested the attendant servants to draw back the curtains that hung on rings and rods all round the room.

This being done, large cupboards were disclosed, each having painted upon it in large letters the name of one of the guests.

To each guest the lawyer handed a key, requesting them to open the cupboard where they would find their bequest.

Each one found within his or her cupboard every gift that no or she had ever made to the deceased exactly as they had been received.

All provisions, fruit, cream, game, etc., that they were now informed had been immediately dispatched to one or other of the great London hospitals. But each cupboard contained also a purse in which was placed the full value of such provisions, with a sum equal to the compound interest on the value of the other untouched gifts. The will went on:

"And the residue of my estate, real and personal, whether in funds, tenements, houses, goods, stock, jewelry, plate, pictures, books, furniture, or of any kind whatsoever, I bequeath twice and bequeath to my nearest relation, male or female, known to me or unknown, of whom it cannot be proved that he or she has at any time shown to me any act of kindness, courtesy, goodwill, or friendship or affection at least since the 31 day of January, in the year of our Lord 1847, wherein deceased my late cousin, Josephat Gallipot, of the firm of Gallipot & Jams."

The will provided that such claim must, however, be lodged within six months of the death of the testator.

And thence arose the great Gallipot case.

The whole property subsequently fell to a distant relation of the Gallipot family, of whose existence most members of the family had up to that time been quite unaware.—London Million.

MUSIC AND MUSICIANS.

THE greatest song writer was Schubert. He produced over 1,200 songs.

GOOD players of the harp are said to be the scarcest of all musical performers.

•FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE (who took her first name from the city of her birth) will be seventy-three years old next month.

MR. RUSKIN recently appeared at the inaugural concert of the Coniston Choral society, which was his first appearance in public for many years. In the work of this society he has always taken great interest.

DVORAK, the Bohemian composer, who recently conducted some of his own music at the world's fair, declares that the possibilities of an American school of music lie in the southern negro melodies. He believes that American composers should study these songs and build upon them.

MRS. GASTON BOYD, of Newton, Kan., is prominent in club and musical circles and is a woman of fine abilities, untiring energy and large public spirit. She ranks as one of the best authorities in her state in regard to music, and she was some time ago appointed by the world's fair commission as musical director for Kansas.

A Toad's Cunning.

A naturalist paper relates an interesting instance of a toad's cunning. A brood of chickens was fed with moistened meal in saucers, and when the dough soured a little it attracted large numbers of flies. An observant toad had evidently noticed this, and every day toward evening he would make his appearance in the yard, hop to a saucer, climb in and roll over and over until he was covered with meal, having done which he awaited developments. The flies, enticed by the smell, soon swarmed around the scheming batrachian, and whenever one passed within two inches or so of his nose his tongue darted out and the fly disappeared. This plan worked so well that the toad made a regular business of it.

Queer Currency.

In Dikoa, in Ademouah, in Logone and elsewhere small cotton strips are the regular currency. In Bagirari these strips are so small that from seventy to one hundred and fifty of them would have to be pieced together to make a shirt. In Darfoor the gray, coarse shirting circulates as money, and in Tiout, in upper Egypt, this material is dyed dark or blue and then cut into pieces of three yards' length.

ROSY-CHEEK AND CURLY

When I go home, this welcome waits
Each evening when the day is fled:
The pattering of little feet;
Then clinging arms, and kisses sweet
From rosy-cheek and curly-head.

They come with shouts of rioting:
They're laughing so they scarce can speak!
A pair of highwaymen are they;
And I, an easy yielding prey
To curly-head and rosy-cheek.

But curly heads will sometimes ache,
And fill our souls with sudden dread;
And roses fade, while hearts stand still.
Oh, may there come no touch of ill
To rosy-cheek and curly-head!

God bless all little cheeks of rose!
Where'er they bloom, Thy sunlight shed!
Bless little heads of rippling hair!
Oh, take into Thy tender care
Each rosy-cheek and curly-head!
—Edgar W. Abbot, in Outlook.

HICK'S PATENT COOKER.

The Pathetic Story That Induced the Rector to Buy.

"I would like to call your attention to my paytent cooker," said the mild-mannered man with the soft low voice to the rector of St. Bartholomew's. "It consists, as mebbe you can see—"

"But I don't desire a cooker, and would not look at one if I did," interrupted the rector of St. Bartholomew's in as irascible manner as is permitted to his cloth.

"They come in three sizes," continued the mild-mannered man with the soft low voice—"small, mejum and large. They're made of tin, genuwine block tin, not rolled tin. I have frequently been congratulated on the quality of my tin. Said Bishop Dobson to me: 'Hicks, I congratulate you on the quality of your tin.'"

"Bishop Dobson?" queried the rector of St. Bartholomew's with languid interest. "I don't remember to have seen his name in the church calendar."

"Methody," explained the mild-mannered man. "I'm a Methody. Here's a certificate from my pastor saying I'm an individooal of moral character and use good tin in my cookers. Here's a letter from Rev. Edward Atkins—but I don't set much store by that, bein' as he is a Baptis', and no judge of tin. The principle on which my cooker is based—"

"You will have to excuse me," said the rector of St. Bartholomew's, looking hard at the heavy gold watch presented him by the parish on his last birthday, "but I have a sermon to write."

"Mebbe your lady would like to see the cooker," said the mild-mannered man. "It's made of genuwine block-tin, and Bishop Dobson himself said: 'Hicks, I congratulate you on the quality of your tin.'"

"I have no wife," said the rector, with the merest suspicion of a blush.

"Then buy a cooker and git one," said the mild-mannered man, confidentially. "With Hicks' paytent cooker as an argumint, you will git one easy. They come in three sizes—small, mejum and large. This here is the small one. Folds all up, you see, like a telescope. Mebbe you wouldn't believe it, but one of them small-sized cookers saved my life once. It was in the spring of 1853, or the fall of 1852, or the winter of 1854. I don't remember which and it don't make no difference, that Rev. Dr. James Wilyums, D. D., and I took passage for Africky in the brig Thomas J. Walkup, goin' as missionaries to some of the numerous cannibal tribes that keeps down the population, and consequently accounts for the depressed values of real estate in the Dark Continent. Rev. Dr. Wilyums was to teach the savages religion, but my mission was a more important one. I was to introduce Hicks' paytent cooker among 'em. You can see that even this large-sized cooker won't hold a man, to say nothin' of the mejum and small ones. Now I calculated to teach the savages to use my cookers, and when they got so attached to 'em as to never eat nothin' except what was cooked in a cooker—seein' that you couldn't cook a man in 'em—cannibalism would naturally die out. When I broached my plan to Bishop Dobson his eyes shone and he said: 'Go, Hicks, go. Your work will supplement the work of Rev. Dr. Wilyums. I heartily commend your plan, and I congratulate you on the quality of your tin.' Them was his words, and I went.

"Well, sir, the mornin' after I arrived in Africky I began to talk to the chief about my cooker, when what does he do but take me down to the leadin' grocery store of the town and show me Rev. Dr. Wilyums chained up.

"'Can you cook him?' axed the chief.

"'No,' said I, my breath all gone with surprise at the turn affairs had took.

"'Well,' said the old chief, 'them's the kind of victuals we eats. We don't consume much in the way of breakfast foods, infants' foods and the like. If your cooker can't cook our style of provisions we ain't got any use for it.'

"And with that they put me in their jail, and that was the last I ever seen or heerd of Rev. Dr. James Wilyums, D. D. They would have et me at once, but the chief's daughter, Ugogina, fell in love with me, and made 'em put off the obsequies or festivities, according as you looked at it from my standpoint or the savages'. I talked nice to Ugogina, and got her to bring me my small-sized cooker, the only one the old witch doctor what kept the cookers would let her have; and with that I cooked them savages the finest kinds of victuals they ever et, and they set me free and made me royal cook, and the chief kinder smiled indulgently at the way Ugogina was makin' up to me. So you see the small-sized cooker saved my life."

"I'll buy the small size," said the rector, hastily. "I have a sermon to write."

"Now you just take my advice and git a mejum size. You can afford it. When you take that small-sized cooker round to that young lady you're after, when you ask her to marry you what'll she think? Why, she'll say to herself that in buyin' this small cooker you are layin' out not to ever have any company to meals, and if she is a girl that is fond of company, you're runnin' a risk. Wait till I tell you how the mejum-sized cooker saved my life. Well, the old witch doctor took a big dislike to me, and kept tellin' the folks that I would make a better meal cooked than I would cookin'. Ugogina wanted to marry me, and the chief was willin', but the witch doctor prophesied a lot of calamities if the marriage took place, and scared the chief. Now I didn't want to marry Ugogina, but I could see that if I did I would be saved from bein' et; but I thought I would try to save myself and get out of the marriage also. I could have run off to sea any day, but there warn't no boats. I could see ships sailin' by quite often, but there warn't no way to git off to 'em. I decided to fix the witch doctor first. I got Ugogina to wheedle the old feller to give me my mejum-sized cooker, the small-sized not bein' large enough for my purposes. Then I got a lot of African beans and some hollow reeds and some sticky clay. I set the beans a cookin' and put the reeds into a little hole I made in top of the cooker. I invited the witch doctor in, and told him this was some of my new vaporized atmospheric air, and told him to put his mouth to the reeds and suck some in. You know, if you have studied chemistry, that beans are highly charged with gas. Especially is this true of the genuine African bean. Well, sir, that old chap swallered a lot of that gas, and quicker than a wink Ugogina and I knocked him over and plastered his nose and mouth up with clay, and I'm a dummed liar if that gas didn't float that old feller right up in the air, clear out of sight. You see, he was remarkably capacious, and the gas was remarkably strong—remarkably strong. I stood there in front of the people when he was floatin' in the air, and told 'em I was a magician, and could set 'em all floatin'. They was scared; wanted to elect me chief; but I wasn't used to high political honors, and compromised with alderman and president of the school board. Well, sir, Ugogina was dyin' to marry me at once; but I stayed her off for a time by sayin' I wanted to git my trousseau ready. That's how the mejum-sized cooker saved my life."

"I will buy a medium-sized one," said the rector, faintly. "It can be used by St. Margaret's ward of the guild church fairs."

"Or country fairs, either. However, I think you would like the large-sized cooker for the church fairs. But you wait till I finish my story. Now, I was engaged to a girl in the United States. If I married Ugogina what would be the consequences? Breach of promise suit for ten thousand dollars, and me with no assets but three sample cookers of block tin. What then? Default of payment, state's prison for life. 'Sides, I didn't want to marry Ugogina. What did I do? Well, sir, one day I see a ship goin by, and, stretchin' out the large-sized cooker—they are all air-tight—I jumped on it and paddled off to the ship, poundin' on the small and mejum-sized all the way to scare sharks. That's how the large-sized cooker saved my life."

"Put me down for the large size," said the rector of St. Bartholomew's, wearily.

"I knowed you would," said the mild-mannered man with the soft, low voice. "There's something affectin' in the story of how them cookers saved my life."—Wardon Allan Curtis, in Harper's Weekly.

The King of Spiders.

Ceylon is the home of the largest species of spider that has yet been made the subject of entomological investigation. This web-spinning monster lives in the most mountainous districts of that rugged island, and places his trap—not a gossamer snare of airy lightness—but a huge net of yellow silk from five to ten feet in diameter, across chasms and fissures in the rocks. The supporting guys on this gigantic net, which in all cases is almost strong enough for a hammock, are from five to twenty feet in length (as conditions and circumstances may require) made of a series of twisted webs, the whole being of the diameter of a lead pencil. As might be imagined, this gigantic silken trap is not set for mosquitoes, flies and pestiferous gnats, but for birds, gaudy moths and elegantly painted butterflies, some of the latter having a spread of wing equal to that of a robin or a blue jay. Some extra fine skeletons of small birds, lizards, snakes, etc., have been found in these webs, with every vestige of flesh picked from them. The owner and maker of these queer silk traps is a spider with a body averaging four and a half inches in width and six length, and with legs nine to twelve inches from body to terminal claw. Some are spotted, others red with greenish gold abdomen and legs.—St. Louis Republic.

STRANGE AND CURIOUS.

DURING a cyclone in Oxford, N. C., a two-room dwelling was carried off 200 yards without injuring the occupants.

A TRAINED elephant in the Manchester (England) "zoo" drops a penny in the slot and takes out a biscuit. The visitors supply the pennies. The elephant will not accept any other coin.

ALABAMA comes to the front with a woman who was struck by lightning seven years ago, has never spoken since, and whose eyes grow "luridly brilliant" at the approach of a thunderstorm.

FRANK AUSTIN, of Eckerly, Ind., had a collie dog that was very fond of him. He was going on a journey the other day, and the dog wanted to accompany him. Austin drove him from the train and the dog was so dejected that he lay before the engine, and the train passed over him.

THERE is a chicken on exhibition at Galveston, Tex., that has four beaks and three eyes. Another freak of nature was born several days ago in Macon, Ga. A woman purchased a dozen eggs and, shortly after returning home, she found a four-legged chicken in one of the eggs.

A SPRINKLE OF SPICE.

TREETOP—"A dollar for pulling one tooth?" Dentist—"Yes; you took gas." Treetop—"How much a thousand do you charge for that?"—Brooklyn Life.

STRANGER—"When will the next train leave?" Agent—"Can't say; road in hands of receiver; engine locked up for contempt of court."—Atlanta Constitution.

JUDGE—"Have you any remarks to offer that may lead to a mitigation of your sentence?" Prisoner—"Yes; I will thank you to have a sofa put in my cell."—Seifenblasen.

"EVERY sensible man will break off the cigarette habit," said the doctor. "Oh, no, he won't," replied Stringer. "Why not?" "Because no sensible man is addicted to it."—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

THE MISERABLE MILLIONAIRE.

I am so very, very rich it is a nuisance quite;
It keeps me anxious all day long and wide-awake at night.
My bonds they are so many that it makes my fingers sore
To cut off all the coupons, which I deem a dreadful bore.

I have six villas in the hills, and seven by the sea,
But they're no joy but aggravations rather unto me:
For when the summer season comes I'm always full of woe,
Because I can't make up my mind to which of them I'll go.

I have a stable full of rigs, and horses for each one,
Yet though they're all of blooded stock my horses I must shun,
Because when I'd go driving in my sulky or my brake
I cannot seem to choose the one 'twould please me best to take.

Upon the water 'tis the same. I've craft of every kind,
From dinghies up to steamers swift that leave all else behind,
And yet I never venture out upon the sound or sea
Because my mind and I do not seem able to agree.

Now wealth is very lovely, and there's much that it will buy,
But 'tis a sorry burden for a fellow such as I,
For just the thing I need the most gold helps me not to find,
And that as you may guess in brief's a firm and stable mind.
—Gaston V. Drake, in Harper's Bazar.

THE MOUNTAIN KING.

Terrible Ferocity of the Bald-Face Bear.

He Is Monarch of the Sawtooth—Desperate and Fatal Encounter with an Animal More Dreaded Than the Grizzly—An Unheeded Warning.

There yet remain in the United States but two great game preserves—wide sections of country, rough mountains, broad tablelands and forests almost impenetrable, where the native denizens of a century ago still range without fear of the hunter's rifle. The enterprise of sportsmen and the cupidity of pot hunters have in a great measure pursued to the death the small game of the country. Coupled with the march of civilization and the vigorous pursuit of the larger animals of the wilderness they have been driven to the deeper and more inaccessible retreats, until the remnant of the many monsters which once roamed the plains and inhabited the wilds are found in the Olympia mountains in western Washington and the Sawtooth mountains in northern Idaho, says the San Francisco Call.

These Idaho mountains are in reality a spur of the great range of the Rockies, which extend like vast buttresses across the entire middle western front of the United States. In many places the Sawtooth range is inexpressibly rugged and there are stretches and depths which have never been explored by any human being. In these vast wilds are to be found the most dangerous animal of which there is any record in this country, an animal which as far outranks the dreaded grizzly as that monarch does the comparatively little brown bear, whose chief mission is to frighten children indoors after dark and catch an occasional straying shoat. This animal is the bald-faced bear. He is emphatically a royal edition of the grizzly has all the tenacity of life and is not only absolutely fearless, but persistently aggressive.

The "bald-face" owes his distinctive title to a face which is white. He is larger than the grizzly. Beginning above his eyes several inches, the dark color of his body fades into a dirty gray, thence down to the point of his nose and on either side it becomes a pure white. Hence the name "bald-face."

The grizzly will never run from man. It will move on its course frequently after it sights him; when wounded it will pursue the hunter for a reasonable distance, and when bodily hurt it sometimes gives up the fray and beats a retreat. Herein lies the dangerous difference between the two species.

Pioneers and settlers of Idaho who are acquainted with the habits of this bear, which is not found, so far as I can learn or ever heard, in any other part of the United States, never think of attacking him. They never hunt the bald-face for the reasons given. To begin an engagement with him is to simply mean a fight to the death.

I shall never forget an experience I had with one of these animals. It was in 1892. In company with three other young men, I had gone into the Sawtooth mountains to hunt big game, deer, bear and such like. We had been told of the bald-face, but having had no experience with him, and having two grizzlies to our credit, our party smiled incredulously when Joe Pennington, an old hunter and trapper who had of late years devoted himself to the less hazardous pursuit of chicken rounding near Boise City, told us to beware of the bald-face bear. Being familiar with the mountains, after considerable effort we induced Pennington to accompany our party, taking along three excellent dogs, well trained and courageous.

But Joe stipulated that we were not to get into a controversy with the bald-face, because he said it would mean the death of his dogs and the retreat of our party to the foothills, if nothing more serious.

We had been in the mountains a week; had killed several deer and black bear and any number of birds. On the morning of the seventh day we left a young Englishman named Kingsbury in camp, as on the day before some animal had visited our quarters, eaten a lot of bacon and played havoc generally with supplies. There had been a good deal of chaffing about the bald-face, and Pennington had grown tired of warning us of the danger of an encounter. However, as we left camp the old trapper shouted out, as he whistled to his dogs and walked away: "Say, Kingsbury, if you see a bald-face I advise you to make a break for the mule and light out for the valley; for if you don't we'll never collect enough of the remains to ship back to the folks at home."

The mule referred to was staked out about one hundred yards away in a level clear spot. The Englishman didn't reply, but held up his rifle and a big hunting knife as an answer.

We thought nothing more of the circumstance. The day's sport was fairly good, one deer, one mountain sheep and several birds being the result of the hunt. We met at an agreed spot some three miles from the camp and proceeded together to our quarters, expecting that Kingsbury would have prepared for us a substantial dinner. Reaching an elevation some distance from camp we paused a moment, when Pennington remarked: "By gosh, where's the mule?" We all looked, but no mule could we see. Possibly it had broken away and gone off, or it might be hidden in the grass, lying down, but a field-glass failed to reveal the animal.

Proceeding slowly toward camp, we soon reached the space where the mule had been left.

There was no longer any question where the mule was. It was lying on the ground completely disemboweled, its back broken and its head literally torn off.

One word told the story. A bald-face bear had discovered the animal, and it being hobbled so securely that escape was impossible, had killed it. The grass showed that there had been a struggle, and the immense tracks of the bear were plainly seen. Its marks on the back and side of the mule looked as if a cleaver had been at work. Three ribs were torn away from the backbone and one hind leg almost stripped of its flesh. An ax in the hands of a giant could have done no better.

With our guns ready to fire on the instant we all noiselessly crossed over to the camp only to find it vacant. Kingsbury's Winchester lay on the ground some little distance away, the kettles, pans and camp fixtures were knocked about as if a cyclone had struck them, the tent was thrown to the ground and across it were the bloody tracks of a bear. To my excited imagination they looked as large as a bushel measure, and I could almost see the flying form of our campkeeper and the pursuing terror of the mountains.

Kingsbury was nowhere to be seen. Everything was perfectly quiet. But we knew that the trouble had been recent, because the blood still oozed from the neck of the dead mule, and there was a fire at the camp not nearly burned out.

Meanwhile a shot from Blake's rifle rang through the forest and its reverberations had scarcely died away when the voice of Kingsbury gave answer faint and a long distance off. The dogs were away in a moment and the yell of our partner at intervals mingled with the tongue of the dogs.

"Better load up your belts with shell and get up in these little trees, boys," said Pennington "for that animal will be back here powerful soon."

We were so excited that no second suggestion was required. We could tell by the cry of the dogs when they reached the scene of action, and in a little time they quit barking. A few minutes later the pup came tearing through the brush, followed by a noise which greatly resembled an immense boulder bounding down hill.

"Look out!" yelled Pennington, and a half second later the bald-face burst through the undergrowth not one hundred feet away. His face was bloody. Two dogs and a mule had fallen victims to his fury and he came on foaming towards us. A volley attracted his attention and with a roar he rushed at the small trees in which we were standing. I think but one shot hit him, for the rifles were mighty shaky. "Give it to him," said Pennington. "Don't waste your fire, take a fair aim at him, and don't pull the trigger till you can land."

No fury could equal the rage of that brute. It came at the small trees, tried to climb them, tore the bark and snapped them with a mouth which looked a yard long. In the excitement of the moment I dropped my rifle while shifting my position, and as it struck the ground twenty feet below the brute ran and seized it at the butt crunching the stock like a piece of clay or glass.

The attack became a perfect fusillade, and perhaps a hundred shots were fired before the bear gave signs of weakening. One of its monster legs was broken and its sides were plowed with bullets. Risdon, who, by the way, came from this city, was anxious to do good work and undertook to change his position. His foot had torn the bark from the limb of the little tree and it was slick as ice. In an instant, as he stepped about, his feet went from under him and he was precipitated to the ground. The bear, blind and about dying, heard the fall and stumbled and ran to the tree. The fall had stunned Risdon, or else he could have got away.

But the fierce brute was upon him in an instant more. Its immense jaws closed on his thigh just at the hip and the bones snapped like twigs.

We almost sprang from the tree and at short range poured from the two remaining guns a broadside into the animal which ended its life. But our friend was insensible and dying. The mass of inert meat fell across him. With the utmost difficulty the carcass was removed from our prostrate comrade to find that the claws of the bear had cut through his body under the left arm, penetrating the cavity and tearing a hole in his side.

Risdon never spoke—never gave a sign that he was in danger, fear or pain. The whole catastrophe was so quickly ended that no effort could have saved his life. The bear was practically dead when it reached his prostrate form, and a single stroke of its fore paw and a crunch of its formidable jaws, which in a death struggle had no instinct other than to mangle and kill, had ended his life in a moment.

AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

THE West Point cadets will encamp two or three weeks on the exposition grounds at Chicago this summer.

A WISE, wealthy friend of Columbia college has placed $2,500 in the hands of President Seth Low, to enable meritorious students to visit the Columbian exposition.

YOSHI HORI, the eldest son of the Japanese mikado, who is coming to the world's fair, is only fourteen years old, but he is said to be as precocious as most American youths of twenty.

THE reproduction of La Rabida, the famous old convent which contains many and interesting relics, is constantly guarded by soldiers of the regular army deputed to Chicago for this purpose.

THE recruiting officer of the Columbian guards at the world's fair grounds is quoted as saying: "Fully seventy-five per cent. of the men we are taking into the ranks now are school-teachers, students and ministers."

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - OCTOBER 13, 1893.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Judge of Supreme Court,
SAMUEL G. THOMPSON, of Philadelphia.

For State Treasurer,
FRANK C. OSBURN, of Pittsburg.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For Treasurer,
JOSEPH BENGELE, of Gallitzin Bor.

For County Commissioners,
PATRICK E. DILLON, of Elder Twp.
JOHN KIRBY, of Johnstown.

For Poor Director,
JOHN BEST, of Johnstown.

For Auditors,
W. C. BERRY, of Wilmore Bor.
F. E. FARABAUGH, of Carroll Twp.

ALTHOUGH it cannot be definitely, it is closely estimated that the amount of United States bonds held in Europe is $47,000,000.

JUDGE CHARLES D. LONG, of Detroit, begun suit to compel Pension Commissioner Lochran to pay his pension, which has been suspended.

THE New York Democratic state convention, last week, was very harmonious. Daniel N. Lockwood, of Buffalo, President Cleveland's life-long friend, was made chairman of the convention.

YELLOW fever continues epidemic at Brunswick, Ga. There are also some cases at Jessup, in the same state. The death rate is not large, however, and the disease prevails to a greater extent among the negroes than among the white people.

THE candidate of the Iowa Republicans for governor has been obliged to withdraw from the ticket under the charge that he was disbarred from practice before the Pension Bureau at Washington for crookedness in connection with the procurement of a pension. This is an embarrassing situatien for the Iowa Republicans. A Democratic victory in that state may be set down as assured, even if there was any doubt before.

ON Sunday night a storm raged along the coast from Florida to Texas and caused the destruction of much property and it is estimated that from 2,500 to 3,000 persons lost their lives. Those who escaped have lost everything they have and are left homeless. The dead in some places, numbered so many that they had to be buried in trenches. Supplies are being sent from all parts of the country but there will be much suffering before many of the people can be reached.

BRIGADIER GENERAL JOSEPH C. BRECKINRIDGE, inspector general of the United States army, has made a report to the secretary of war, indicating a condition of affairs prevailing in regard to our coast defenses which is officially characterized as "disgraceful." It is shown that almost the entire southern coast of the Atlantic seaboard is absolutely unprotected and at the mercy of a foreign foe. Forts have been allowed to crumble away, cannons have rusted and cannon carriages rotten.

NEARLY $17,000,000 had been paid in bounties to sugar-growers, under the outrageous McKinley law, up to September 1. This is direct robbery of the people, as the bounties collected by tariff-protected manufacturers are indirect robbery. There is absolutely no more right or justice in taxing the people to pay bounties to the growers of sugar than there would be in paying bounties to the growers of potatoes, corn and cabbage. This is one big leak in the revenues which the Democrats will stop as soon as they get at it.

AN attempt was made Saturday morning to wreck and rob the Pennsylvania railroad express known as the "News express," which departed from Philadelphia for the west at 4:25 o'clock. This train carries not only the newspaper mail but other mail matter. Near Gordonville, Lancaster county, men heaped cross ties and other obstuctions upon the track. The train was stopped before a crash came, and two men were seen running from the place. They were hotly pursued and were captured. Both are in jail, but refused to give their names.

PROGRESS is making on the preparation of the tariff bill by the Democrat members of the committee on ways and means but naturally they find obstacles in their path. How much these will delay the completion of the measure it is not possible to say and Chairman Wilson still declines to fix any date as the one when the bill may be expected to go to the house. "The first of November," he said, "is too near for me to say that the bill will be ready then." The probabilities favor the first of December as the approximate date for its report, the date mentioned some weeks ago.

MR. CURTIS, of Kansas, has presented a bill in the House to further regulate immigration, and which, if it becomes a law, will be far-reaching in effect and tend to materially restrict immigration to the United States. The bill provides that it shall be unlawful for the commanding officer of any vessel to receive any alien passenger bound for the United States if an examination discloses the fact that such person is unable to read or write; that his passage has been paid by any other person, company or corporation; who does not possess, if a single man, the sum of $300; if single woman, $100; if head of a family, $500, or who is not mentally and physically sound; who has ever been in prison for any infamous crime or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude; who has been in the almshouse or supported by charity within two years; who is a polygamist, anarchist or under contract, express or implied to perform labor in the United States.

COMMENCING with to-day (Wednesday), says the Pittsbugg *Post*, Senator Vorhees, who has charge of the repeal bill in the senate, simply because he is chairman of the committee on finance, will ask that the senate remain in continuous session until some result is reached. It has been many years since an attempt was made to force action on a bill in this way, and the chances of its success are admitted to be very dubious. Several results are possible. The repeal bill may pass, and there is not much doubt but it will if a direct vote is reached. There is probably 10 or 15 majority for repeal. Failing in that, a compromise may be agreed upon, but this is also very doubtful, as the opinion is general that the repeal bill of itself has greater voting strength than any suggested compromise. Then again the senate may take a recess until December, failing to pass the repeal bill, with the expectation that repeal will be stronger two months hence than it is today, and that the anti-repeal senators when they visit their constituents may find reason to change their minds. It is stated that those senators who represent the administration prefer a recess to a compromise.

The compromises proposed, and there are half a dozen of them, take one general shape. They look either to the continued purchase of silver indefinitely of half the amount named in the Sherman bill, or purchases in a limited amount, continued for two or three years, when they will cease, with $800,000,000 of silver coinage to be maintained at a parity with gold. This would be an increase of only $200,000,000 from the amount now coined. This plan is looked on with a good deal of favor, and should repeal be possible may be accepted as a safer policy than that involved in the continuance of the Sherman law. President Cleveland, in his message, threw out a saving clause in this direction, that the purchase and coinage of a limited amount, to end at a fixed time, would be more judicious than the continuance of purchases under the Sherman law. It would declare to the world just how much farther we proposed to go in buying silver, and that when that point should be reached silver purchases and coinage would end,

It is not probable that the continuous session of the senate will be protracted beyood forty-eight hours. There are a good number of senators who are too old to stand the fatigue and pressure of a longer test of endurance, and there is no doubt that a majority of the senate is anxious for a recess rather than an unavailing struggle. The leading Republican senators appear to be weakening, and they seem to see political capital for their party in the failure of the Democrats to agree on any line of action. The obstructive minority undoubtedly has the advantage under the rules as they stand, and there is no probability of a change unless the vice president, as presiding officer, forces a vote, which he is not at all likely to attempt.

THE House on Tuesday passed by the overwhelming majority of yeas 201, nays 100, the Tucker bill to repeal the Federal election laws. The Republicans had intended to refrain from voting on the final passage, but when the Democrats mustered 183 votes on the first amendment proposed, they saw that it was absolutely impossible to break a quorum, and yielded gracefully. The vote was strictly a party one, the third party men joining with the Democrats. The special order having been read, Mr. Lacey's amendment was reported, as was Mr. Burrows's amendment to it. On a standing vote the amendment was rejected, 81 to 183, and the Democrats were jubilant at having found their quorum. On demand of Mr. Burrows, the yeas and nays were ordered, and resulted: Yeas 100; nays 198, so the amendment was lost. The vote then recurred on Mr. Lacey's amendment, which excepts from the repeal the criminal sections. The amendment was rejected: Yeas 96; nays 192. Mr. Fitch then withdrew his substitute and the vote recurred on the Tucker bill, which was passed.

THE smallest recession from unconditional repeal, says the Harrisburg *Patriot*, will be a victory for the silver senators and their congeners. It has been conceded by the country at large that nothing but the repeal of the Sherman law making the government the purchaser of the product of the Western silver mines would mitigate and remove the financial ills of the nation. To abandon that position after the fight has been nearly won is tantamount to a disgraceful defeat. To accept a compromise measure granting the silver men any part of the privileges and profits they have hitherto enjoyed under the silver purchase act is to admit that the principle for which they contend is just. There ought to be no compromise and no mutual discussion of compromise. The silver men in the senate have more than the majority of the senate against them. They must meet popular opinion, and however they may impede the majority of their fellow representatives they cannot restrain the people. We should have unconditional repeal or nothing.

THE October returns to the statistician of the department of agriculture at Washington makes the general condition of corn 75. 1, against 76.7, for last month and 79. 8, for October, 1892. This falling off in condition is the result of the continued drought, which has prevailed since June, and was not broken in the corn belt until the latter end of September. The drouth was most severe in the principal corn producing states. The averages of conditions in these states are as follows: Ohio, 70; Indiana, 61; Illinois, 66; Iowa, 93; Missouri, 89; Kansas, 64; Nebraska, 65.

A BILL has been introduced into the House, by Congressman Fithian, of Illinois, providing for the entire abolition of the system of civil service examinations and appointments.

Washington Letter.

President Cleveland's motive in having all his callers state the nature of their business to his private secretary before being admitted to his office has been so grossly misrepresented that I present the facts, which follow: So much of the President's time has been occupied in listening to the appeals of Congressmen and other prominent Democrats for offices for their friends that he has found it necessary to stay up the greater portion of nearly every night in order to perform his more important duties. In order to put a stop to this he determined to place the duty of choosing all officials upon the members of his cabinet, he accepting their recommendation as final, and in order to save his own time, as well as that of his callers, those who call at the White House are required to state the nature of their business to private Secretary Thurber. If it be about an appointment the new rule is explained and they are referred to the member of the cabinet who has jurisdiction of the office wanted; if about public business they are at once taken to the President. The change is popular with congressmen and will strike most people as being a sensible one.

The most notable incidents of the silver debate in the senate this week were the appeals made by Senator Butler, of South Carolina, and Blackburn, of Kentucky, to the Senate to end the controversy by compromise. Although compromise has been talked about privately by Senators this is the first time that it has been publicly advocated on the floor of the Senate. Senator Vorhees still stands out against compromise and insists that the bill for unconditional repeal can be passed. Predictions are freely made that the question will be disposed of next week, but the same sort of predictions have been made before and it still remains undisposed of. The senate is having more or less difficulty now in keeping a quorum, and if some agreement is not soon reached on this silver question it is doubtful whether a quorum can be kept here. The senators are tired of the debate, and there is no way to force a vote.

There is one Congressman—he's a Tammany man, too—who is always certain of a warm welcome when he calls at the White House, whether he goes asking an appointment for a friend or to discuss public matters. The reason is this: On the day that Baby Esther was born this Congressman was approached by a loud-mouthed individual who has made himself conspicuous by his personal abuse of President Cleveland—probably because he was turned down by him—, in a well-known restaurant, which was at that time crowded with prominent public men, and the aforesaid loud-mouthed individual made a disrespectful remark about the baby whose birth had just been announced. The Tammany Congressman walked close up to the man and deliberately spat in his face. The coward sneaked off like the cur that he is, and the Congressman was asked why he did not knock him down. "Strike him!" he remarked scornfully, "I would not dirty my hands with such as he." Within an hour the incident was reported to the President, and since then he is never too busy to see that Tammany Congressman when he calls at the White House. The Tammany Congressman has, however, asked for nothing since the incident, for, as he puts it, "I do not wish to be rewarded for having done what any good citizen would have done—resented an insult to the family of the President."

The House need not be idle after the vote is taken on the bill for the repeal of the Federal election laws, next week, even if the tardiness of the Senate in disposing of the silver question prevents the recess which many Congressmen would like to take, particularly those from states in which elections will be held this fall. The McCreary substitute for the Geary Chinese law has been favorably reported to the House from the Foreign Committee and can be taken up at any time, and the judiciary Committee has reported the Oates bankruptcy bill to the House. It is probable that the Chinese bill will be given the preference.

How much truth there is in the talk among Republicans about the Democratic members of the House committee on ways and means being afraid to attack protection may be inferred from the following remarks by a Democratic member of that committee: "The new tariff bill will be framed on the lines laid down by the Chicago platform, even if it results in the defeat at the polls of every Democratic member of the committee. We shall hew close to the line and you can rest assured that no matter what else is done it will be found that the tariff bill when it is reported will be completed in accord with the Democratic platform." The Republicans who are trying to create a contrary impression are doing a foolish thing. It is much better that the country should know at once that the high protective duties of the McKinley law will be entirely wiped out by the new bill.

The Republicans have allowed the debate in the House on the bill for the repeal of the Federal election laws to go by default, keeping more or less quiet by order of Boss Reed. M.

A Sad Affliction.

HUNTINGDON, October 11.—During the past eight weeks Miss Emma Herncame, a prominent young lady of this place, has laid in bed with her head securely strapped to the pillow. Two months ago, while preparing for church, she felt a sharp and sudden snap like the breaking of a cord at the back of her neck. This was accompanied by a violent pain issuing from the heart to the base of the brain. Since then at every heart beat her head has made a violent and responsive nod, first forward and then backward, with the regularity and precision of a clock pendulum. In either movement her head passes from the perpendicular about one foot. The young lady's general health is but slightly impared. The local physicians are nonplussed over the affliction.

A Girl's Heroic Act.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., October 9.—The heroism of a servant girl saved a span of valuable horses for John Moser, of Perkiomenville. The large barn on the farm was set on fire, and the men, when they discovered the flames, feared to enter the stables to release the horses and four head of cattle. The daring girl, however, dashed into the burning building and freed the plunging horses and was burned on the hands and face, though not seriously. She was greatly cheered by the men who watched the brave deed. The barn was destroyed. The loss is $3000, with about $2000 insurance.

NORTH LAWRENCE, October 9.—A car load of powder—434 kegs—in an Eastbound freight train on the Fort Wayne road exploded with terrific force while the train was running at full speed a mile west of here this evening. Engineer B. R. Colvin and fireman Thomas McCowan were considerably burned and bruised, but will recover. The track was torn up for 150 yards, and 18 cars were either blown to pieces or demolished in the wreck. Loss, probably $25,000.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

A Surprised Farmer.

A Farmer near New Wilmington, Pa., says the *Globe*, named Clenman, made a curious discovery the other day while engaged with a horse hauling corn fodder from a field preparatory to plowing. The fodder was in the shock and Mr. Clenman's mode was to tie a rope around the shock and then with a hook attach it to the horse and drag it off. He tied the rope around a certain shock and had just hit the horse with a whip. The horse started off with the shock, when Mr. Clenman heard a fearful yell coming from the interior of the fodder. This frightened the horse, which started to run. It only went a short distance before it was caught. An examination disclosed the fact that a tramp had taken refuge in the shock and that the rope when tightened almost choked him to death. The fellow was almost unconscious when he was rescued from the perilous position. In the shock with the tramp were a jug of cider, a loaf of bread, a part of a chicken that had been roasted, two pies and nine eggs. Mr. Clenman told the tramp to leave and he did so.

Pallas Shot For His Crime.

BARCELONA, October 6.—Pallas, the Anarchist, who threw the bomb at Captain General de Campos and staff, was executed to day by being shot in the back by a squad of soldiers. Pallas showed no sign of flinching, and met death bravely. Pallas talked incessantly with his guards until midnight, much of his conversation being justification of his act and the acts of other Anarchists. His bravado was gone, and he became an ordinary condemned criminal fearing the punishment, justice and the law of his country which was meted out to him. The statement was made that many persons believed Pallas was crazy. This seemed to offend him. He told his visitors that he wished his head to be examined after death to prove that he was not mad. Afterward he wanted his head to be given to a museum. In response to numerous questions as to who was his accomplice in his attempt to kill Gen. de Campos, Pallas persisted in saying that he had none.

Played His Game Well.

READING, October 9.—Officers arrived here to-night having in custody A. J. Dress, of Philipsburg, Centre county, whom they arrested at that place on the charge of false pretense in receiving about $2,000 from the alleged heirs of John George Spang, who died over sixty years ago and is supposed to have left an estate which is now worth anywhere from $40,000,000 to $100,000,000. In default of bail Dress was committed to jail. Dress sent the Spang heirs what has since been proven as a forged copy of the will of George Spang and his arrest is based on the declaration of the court officials, of Schoenbeck, Germany, that the will is spurious, and that there is no Spang estate awaiting American heirs there. Several hundred people of the Spang family have been defrauded, and Dress has made a trip to Europe at their expense until the demands for money have been very frequent.

Jealously Caused it.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., October 9.—At Hazelton, a suburb of this city, shortly after midnight, James Campbell, aged 50, killed his wife with a revolver and attempted to murder Patrick Finney, aged 64, firing two bullets into his head and abdomen. The wife died almost instantly and Finney was taken to the hospital in a dying condition. He lives at New Bedford, Pa., and was visiting the Campbell family. Jealously without cause and the use of liquor are the reasons assigned for the double murder. The murderer was formerly a saloon keeper in Pittsburg. After being placed in a cell, Campbell admitted his guilt and said: "I don't know what made me do it." He has the reputation of being a man of ungovernable temper when in liquor.

Trains in Collision.

SCRANTON, Pa., October 10.—This morning a Jersey Central railway special train carrying several hundred members of the Father Matthew societies and others to Wilkesbarre to the annual parade of the societies met another train bound in the opposite direction in the southern part of this city. There was a slight crash between the two trains but no one was injured except Forence Blewitt, who in the excitement jumped from the train and had a leg broken. There was intense alarm throughout the city as the first reports were of a horrible calamity, equal to that of the disaster at Mud Run five years ago when so many members of the society were killed. It was not until the real estimate of the damage done was learned that the alarm subsided.

A Banker In Peril.

CONNELLSVILLE, October 10.—J. S. McCaleb, who has been doing a foreign exchange business here for several years, made an assignment to Charles Kurtz, cashier of the Yough National bank. The liabilities are estimated a $110,000, and the assets at $75,000. The foreigners have been pushing McCaleb for their money for the past month, but not until yesterday morning did they make a run on the bank. Hundreds of them congregated about the building, and for a time it was thought trouble would ensue. Many of the Hungarians had from $1,500 to $2,000 deposited, which was their earnings for a year. McCaleb claims that if two months time had been given him by his creditors he would have come out all right.

A Junction Collision.

PHILLIPSBURG, Pa., October 10.—The Beech Creek passenger train on the Philipsburg branch, which runs from Mahaffey to Phillipsburg, collided this morning with an empty coal train of 20 cars on the Pennsylvania railroad at the intersection of tracks near here. Both engines were badly damaged. The tower house was completely wrecked, and the signal machine destroyed. The passenger coaches contained 15 people who, with the exception of a severe shaking up, were not hurt. The only one hurt was J. Clarence Bradin, engineer on the Pennsylvania train. He jumped just before the collision and sustained severe, if not fatal injuries.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

Happy and content is a home with "The Rochester," a lamp with the light of the morning. Catalogues, write Rochester Lamp Co., New York.

—On account of illness from a surgical operation recently performed, Mrs. Amos Oliver residing near Honesdale, shot and intantly killed herself on Tuesday evening.

—The walls of a room in the Editorial Reception Room of the Administration Building at the World's Fair, is papered with the front pages of newspapers from all parts of the world.

—Tennis, the murderer of little Agnes Wright, near Hummelstown, was sentenced to be hanged by Judge McPherson last week. On Monday Governor Pattison fixed December 7, as the day for his execution.

—The Phoenix Iron company, of Phoenixville, Pa., resumed operation this morning, giving employment to a large number of hands, after a lengthy idleness. The entire plant of this immense establishment, it is believed, will soon be in operation.

—An apple tree known to be nearly a century and a half old, on the property of Mrs. Delia Hotchkiss, in Cheshire Conn., was destroyed by a recent storm. It bore fruit every fall, but, it is asserted, only on one side each year. It is stated that the side that bore one year would be barren the next.

—A dispatch from Allentown, Pa., says: In his will probated on Monday, the late John B. Schmerer, a wealthy farmer, of Lower Macungie, expressly commands his son, who gets a 130-acre farm, to provide his mother with two barrels of cider every year and take her to every funeral she may wish to attend.

—Charles Talley, who died at Chaddsford recently in his 74th year, never either fed or dressed himself a single time in all his life. Every part of his body was perfectly formed, yet he could perform only the most simple acts with either hand or feet. He was one year old before he raised his head from the pillow, and 12 years old before he made any progress whatever in locomotion. His mind was clear, his judgment keen, and his memory retentive.

The Pittsburg Exposition.

(Special Correspondence.)

The success of the Pittsburg Exposition this season is phenominal, exceeding all former records. This is attributable to the meritorious character of both the attractions secured by the management for the pleasure of patrons, and the exceptionally high standard of the entire Exposition. The engagement of Brooks' famous band of New York has contributed in no uncertain manner to produce this success, and Black Patti, the colored prima donna, has sung her way into the hearts of all those who have heard her. Her engagement closed on the 16th. Madame Sofia Schalchi, the magnificent operatic contralto, succeeded Patti and was received enthusiastically by the thousands of people who listened to her wonderful singing. The band of the only Gilmore followed Brooks' on the 23th. It is only necessary to mention the name of this superb musical organization, the people of every town and city in the land, if they have not heard its delightful music, have heard of it through others. It will remain at the Exposition until its close, October 21st. As an organization Gilmore's band stands pre-eminently in the lead as the greatest military band in existence, no person should lose the opportunity to attend the concerts at the Exposition during the time while it is here. Madame Materna, the grandest of all grand singers, has just completed a week's engagement. It is only through a place like the Exposition that the masses can hear these wonderful attractions. Notwithstanding the increased expense the management has not raised its prices of admission—twenty-five cents as usual. The policy of the Exposition directory has always been liberal. No expense within the means of the management has been considered in order to contribute to the pleasure and entertainment of its patrons, and it is largely owing to this liberality that the Pittsburg Exposition has reached its present high standard. We can confidently commend the Exposition to our people as a delightful resort. HARRIS.

Annual Trip to Rhododendron Park.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has just completed arrangements for its annual excursion to Lloydsville, to be run on Saturday, October 14th. A special train will leave Pittsburg and stop at the principal immediate stations between that place and Altoona.

The ride over the mountains from this latter point is exceedingly beautiful and interesting. The acme of perfection in mountain scenery, however, is reached at Rhododendron park, where the foliage and the adjacent country in the autumn coloring is simply wonderful. This place is kept in a state of natural beauty the year round. Nature in all its wildness and in modern cultivation is preserved with a most picturesque effect.

Tickets for this eagerly looked for occasion will be sold at $3.00 from Pittsburg, and proportionately low rates from intermediate stations.

Every buggy sold by agents has several dollars added to the manufacturer's price. We are manufacturers, and have no agents. For twenty years have dealt with the consumer. We ship anywhere, with privilege of examining before buying. We pay freight charges both ways, if not satisfactory. Warrant everything for two years. Anyone who can write can order a buggy or harness from us as well as pay from $10 to $50 for some middle man to order it for them. We give no credit, and have one price only. Why do you pay two profits on your carriages and harness? Why do you pay some one $10 to $50 for ordering these things, when you can do it and save this money? You run no risk. We let you see the goods before you accept them. We pay all the freight if we fail to suit. Over twenty years ago we commenced to sell in this way, and would not be in business now if we had not suited. 64 page catalogue free. Address

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MF'G CO.
Elkhart, Indiana.

Salt Buyers and Dealers.

We will sell 280 pounds of clean, white, dry No. 1 salt in new barrels delivered at any railroad depot or steamboat landing in Pittsburg, Pa., for 65 cents per barrel in lots of 10 barrels or more. We sell 100 barrel lots on cars of any railroad leaving Pittsburg, or any wharf, for 60 cents per barrel. We will make you a price delivered if you correspond with us when in need of salt. Our address is Room No. 4, Jackson building, Cor. Penn avenue and Sixth street, Pittsburg, Pa., where we have been for many years and where we expect to remain. Call on us when in the city.

PITTSBURG SALT CO.,
W. C. TAYLOR, President.
ROBT. E. RENO, Salesman.

B. & B.

How Much?

The question with us in extending this already enormous business is, not how much we can get for the merchandise, but for HOW LITTLE CAN IT BE SOLD? This but exemplifies how it's to your interest and pro'it to trade with us.

Autumn
Dress Woolens.

Sale of 5,000 yards double width Suitings—half wool, neat styles; every yard worth 25c., 35c. to 50c.—all at one price, and it's a popular price.

15 Cents a Yard.

50 inch
Scotch Suitings,
Greys, Browns, Tans,
25 Cents

—you've paid 50c. for Dress Fabrics not so good.

5,000 yards genuine Imported
Tailor Suitings,

finest wool—48 inches wide—new fall colorings and the choicest of this season's styles—neat checks, stripes and mixtures,

$1.00 a Yard.

Some stores—and good stores, too—get $1.40 a yard—some $1.25—and the universal selling price—the closest price for these choice Dress Fabrics—is $1.15. We sell them at $1.00 and you're ahead the difference.

Our Mail Order Department will send you samples if you wish.

BOGGS & BUHL,
115, 117, 119 & 121 Federal St.,
ALLEGHENY, PA.

JUST RECEIVED.
A CAR LOAD OF
ODORLESS PHOSPHATE
AT
EBENSBURG FOUNDRY.
ALSO: SOME ELEGANT POTATO DIGGERS.

JOHN PFISTER,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Hardware, Queensware,
MADE-UP CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
VEGETABLES IN SEASON,
HARNESS, ETC.,
OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL,
CRESSON, PA.
may2 20ly

IT WILL PAY YOU
To go QUINN'S, Clinton street, Johnstown, to buy Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Blankets, Feathers, &c. Prices Reduced on All Goods, and FREIGHT PAID on All Large Packages.
JAMES QUINN.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned in the estate of Catharine Tomlinson, late of Allegheny township, in Cambria county, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to us without delay and those having claims against said estate will present them for settlement.

JOHN TOMLINSON,
SIMON TOMLINSON,
Executors of Catharine Tomlinson, deceased.
Sept. 15, 1893.

EVERYTHING ON WHEELS.

Buggies, Wagons, Farm Machinery,
Saw Mills, Engines and Boilers.

FACTS FOR FARMERS

Oliver Invented and Gave to the World the Chilled Plow.

THE GENUINE OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS
MADE ONLY BY THE

Oliver Chilled Plow Works,
South Bend, Indiana,

ARE THE BEST GENERAL PURPOSE PLOWS IN THE WORLD.

A strong statement but a true one, for these plows are better known, have reached a larger sale, have had a longer run, have proved more popular and given better satisfaction than any other plows on the face of the globe.

We mean the GENUINE OLIVER, and not the imitations claiming to be the Oliver, or equally as good. Such imitations are on the market, placed there by unscrupulous manufacturers who seek to trade on the good name of the OLIVER.

Look out for imitations, buy only the genuine Oliver plows and repairs, and be sure you are right before you take the plow home.

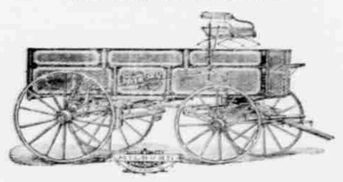
☞Once more—Beware of "bogus" Oliver plows and repairs, and take none but the genuine, made by the OLIVER CHILLED PLOW WORKS, SOUTH BEND, INDIANA.

ENORMOUS INCREASE IN SALES IN
RICE COIL SPRINGS!

Look at My Unconditional Guarantee.

I guarantee the Rice Coil Spring Vehicles to be the easiest riding and most durable made in the world. If after six weeks' trial the Rice Coil is found not to be the easiest riding spring you ever used, I will exchange for any other style.

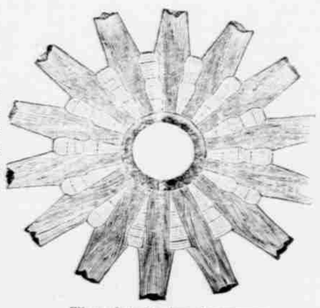
MILBURN
Hollow AXLE. FARM WAGON.



MY CUSTOMERS SAY
IT IS THE
Easiest Running, Best Made, Best Painted, Best Ironed Wagon They Can Buy.
EVERY ONE GUARANTEED.

☞MILBURN NEW SPOKE LEAVES THE WOOD AT BOTH THROAT AND SHOULDERS.

The Weakest Point in a Spoke is where it enters the Hub. Milburn is the Strongest.



The Hub is not cut away at the center and the Spokes do not come together.

These four Spokes are same as used by other manufacturers of Farm Wagons.

MILBURN NEW HUB.

☞Send for special circulars and prices of anything in my line.

N. B. SWANK,
307 Cor. Main and Bedford Streets,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.

FARMERS!

TAKE NOTICE.

If You Want
GOOD FLOUR
TAKE YOUR GRAIN TO THE
OLD SHENKLE MILL
In Ebensburg.

THE
FULL ROLLER PROCESS

For the Manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg, and turns out nothing but

FIRST CLASS WORK.

Bring in your Grain and give us a trial Each man's grain is ground separately and you get the flour of your own wheat The mill is run every day with the BEST OF POWER.

SAMUEL D. LUDWIG,
Proprietor.
sep15,93

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following applications for the transfer of licenses have been filed in the office of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cambria county and will be presented to the said court for its consideration on **Monday, October 30, 1893:**

Petition of John Galdy for the transfer of license granted to John E. Kilduff in Tunnelhill borough.

Petition of H. C. Beck for the transfer of license granted to Samuel Kelly in Carroll township.

Petition of John Yeckley for the transfer of license granted to Chas. Kinney in Washington tow ship.

J. C. DARBY,
Ebensburg, Pa., Oct. 9, 1893. Clerk Q. S.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

Having been appointed a commissioner by the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county to take and report testimony in the matter of the petition of John Neff for a decree of satisfaction of mortgage given by Daniel Neff to Margaret Jane Pringle, administratrix of the estate of Abraham Krumpe, deceased, notice is hereby given that I will sit at my office in the borough of Ebensburg, Pa., on **Saturday, the 28th day of October, 1893, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,** to attend to the duties of said appointment at which time and place all persons interested may attend if they see proper.

P. J. LITTLE
Ebensburg, Pa., Oct. 6, 1893.3t. Commissioner.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - OCTOBER 13, 1893.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—Miss Annie O'Neill, of Pittsburg, is visiting friends in Ebensburg.

—Mr. Joseph Wentz, of Elder township, visited Ebensburg on Tuesday.

—Mr. Thomas Peach, of Loretto, spent a few hours in town on Thursday.

—Mr. Peter Farabaugh, of Carroll township, is laid up with typhoid fever.

—Mr. Bart McCabe, of this place, spent several days in Johnstown last week.

—Mr. James Mellon, of Carroll township, spent a few hours in town on Wednesday.

—Mr. James J. Kaylor, a well-known citizen of Allegheny township, is seriously ill.

—A good cow for sale. Gives about two gallons of milk per day. Inquire at this office.

—Colonel Spangler and James McClain, of Spangler, spent a few hours in town on Monday.

—Messrs. George C. K. Zahm and D. H. Zahm, of this place are visiting friends in Pittsburg.

—Register and Recorder D. A. McGough, of this place is at Chicago looking at the World's Fair.

—Mrs. Christopher White and daughter Annie, of Barr township, visited Ebensburg on Thursday.

—A bill has been introduced in congress providing for a World's fair to be held in New York City in 1900.

—Peter Little, Esq., and Harry Wilber, of this place, started for the World's Fair on Friday of last week.

—The Carrolltown fair, held last week, was a successful one, both in the way of exhibits and attendance.

—Miss Annie O'Harra, of Munster township, whose serious illness we mentioned last week is getting better.

—Mr. Joseph Fitzer, of Barr township, passed through this place on Thursday on his way home from Chicago.

—The postoffice at Blairsville was entered by thieves last Thursday night and $35 in money and a lot of postage stamps taken.

—Mr. John G. C. Bearer and his daughter Emma, were in Ebensburg on Thursday in attendance at the funeral of Mattie Lemer.

—Mass was celebrated in the new Catholic church at Patton for the first time on Sunday last. The church will be dedicated on Sunday, November 19th.

—Mr. John L. Stough, who was one of the 750,000 people in attendance at the World's Fair on Monday, returned home this Thursday morning.

—The pamphlet laws for 1892 have been printed and are now being sent out. One copy is sent to each county officer and to each justice of the peace in the state.

—Miss Mary Ellen Ivory, of Loretto, died at her home in that place on Monday aged about 60 years. Her interment took place in St. Michaels cemetery at Loretto on Wednesday.

—The amended marriage law went into effect on Monday. Under it either of the contracting parties to a marriage can obtain a license in any other county in which they desire to be married.

—William Riffler, an inmate of the almshouse from Johnstown, died in that institution on Monday. Mr. Riffler claimed to have been born in 1780 and if correct was consequently 104 years of age.

—The press, type and material for a new paper have been ordered for the purpose of starting a new paper at Patton. We have not learned who will conduct the paper nor what its politics will be.

—Are the cultivators, harrows, rollers, plows and farm machinery under shelter or do they scatter over the farm? Implements exposed to alternate sun and rain will not last half as long as if taken care of.

—There are in the state 24,022 public schools, employing 17,748 female and 5,228 male teachers. The attendance was 1,036,838 male pupils enrolled and 1,036,540 female pupils, the average attendance being 2,073,378, a percentage of 85.

—E. L. Miller, of Dunlo, has been arrested at the instance of his wife on a charge of desertion. Mrs. Miller alleges that her husband has not contributed to the support of herself and child for the past year.

—State Superintendent Schaeffer has fixed Friday, October 20th, as autumn arbor day. He wants the schools of the state to observe the day by planting trees and otherwise beautifying the school surroundings.

—Andrew Lemmire, an old and respected citizen of Jackson, township, died on Wednesday of last week of Bright's disease in the 75th year of his age. The deceased leaves to survive him three daughters and two sons all grown up.

—The large bank barn and three smaller buildings on the farm of Winfield S. Love, Blessing Valley, near Tyrone, were totally destroyed by fire with all their contained grain, etc., on Tuesday afternoon. No clues was burned. Loss, $2,000; insurance, $1,000.

—Dr. J. R. Noonan was in town on Tuesday. On his return he started with a large sheet of glass about 4ft x 20 intending to carry it to Patton, 15 miles, in his buggy. We were of the impression when he started that the safe delivery of the glass was a big undertaking.

—A daughter of Philip Flick, of Allegheny township, aged about nineteen years was found dead in her bed on Monday morning. The deceased had not been very robust for some time past but the day previous had been in the enjoyment of her usual health.

—The bell of the Catholic church in this place will be blessed on Sunday afternoon by Very Rev. E. A. Bush, V. F., of Altoona. The sermon will be preached by Very Rev. S. Wall, D. D., Vicar General of the diocese of Pittsburg. All are cordially invited to be present.

—Scott's Illuminated Tours "From Queenstown to Rome" and "Incidents in the life and Journeyings of our Saviour" will be exhibited in the Parochial Hall Loretto, on Saturday and Sunday evenings October 21 and 22nd. Admission, each evening 25 cents.

—On Saturday afternoon Mr. Joseph Pringle, of Summerhill, while out gunning, accidentally shot himself while crossing a fence. A number of shot entered his breast but his condition is not considered dangerous by the attending physicians, Drs. Green, of Summerhill, and Luke, of South Fork.

—Mr. Frank M. Smithmyer, of Altoona, and Miss Ella N. McMullen, of Chest Springs, were married in Altoona by Very Rev. E. A. Bush at St. John's Catholic church on Tuesday. The attendants at the wedding were Mr. Frank McMullen, brother of the bride, and Miss Katie Eiber, both of Altoona.

—Mr. John McBreen and Miss Maggie Dehart, both of this place, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony at the Catholic church in this place, on Tuesday last by the Rev. Father Deasy. We extend our congratulations to the young couple and hope they may live a long and prosperous life together.

—An Altoona youth sports a necktie made from the skin of a rattlesnake which had bitten and killed his man. Three of the rattles of the reptile are doing service as a pin. It came from Texas, a state that abounds with queer freaks.

—Politics never got down to its lowest depths in this county until a Prohibitionist undertook to run the liquor business for his own selfish ends. Since that time there is scarce lyany thing from our common schools to the judicial bench that has not been smirched.

—William Zerbe, of Johnstown, Elk county, went into the cellar of his house with a lamp to search for a leak in the gas pipe, and as a result a terrible explosion occurred, killing a ten months old child and seriously injuring Zerbe and his wife. The house is a total wreck and window glass was broken in houses half a mile away.

—Constable George Tate, of the Sixth ward, went up to Patton, Cambria county, yesterday (Wednesday) morning with a warrant for the arrest of a young man who had skipped some time ago leaving an unpaid board bill. He found the gay and festive youth, who paid the difference and costs and was allowed to go his way. *Altoona Times.*

—The managers of the Ebensburg fair sold privileges to all sorts of swindling fakirs and the people who visited the grounds were robbed right and left. The managers will learn in time that selling privileges to these scamps is not the way to make money for the association. No such skin games are allowed on the grounds of our fair.—*Indiana Messenger.*

—Mr. Thomas Doran, of Summerhill township, has a wild turkey that he captured in the early part of the summer when only about a week old. He put it along with a brood of tame turkeys about the same age and it soon became domesticated and is as tame as any of the flock. It has outgrown its companions, however, and bids fair to be a much larger bird.

—The Pittsburg *Dispatch*'s unsurpassed special service to Washington enables it to publish the fullest accounts of the doings of congress. Daily letters from the World's Fair, sporting news and interesting fiction by brilliant authors each day are among its special features. Rider Haggard's story now being published in the Sunday issue surpasses all previous efforts of this great author.

—Swindlers are traveling over the country with samples of seed wheat, which they show and claim will yield 50 bushels to an acre. They propose that they will furnish the seed and 100 pounds of phosphate per acre, and ask in return one-half of the crop. This is certainly a bargain for the seed, but it is still better when the signed paper turns out to be a note for two or three hundred dollars.

—At the sheriff's sale of the Cambria Lumber Company's effects at Somerset one day last week, the Shade Creek railroad, between 7 and 8 miles in length, was knocked down to S. H. Baker, of Pittsburg, formerly of Latrobe, for $20,040. A large lot of lumber sold realized $10,322. It was mostly purchased by Mr. Baker. The real estate of the company will not be sold until December.

—In our advertising columns will be found the business card of the First National Bank of Patton. The financial and business standing of the men at the head of this institution is a sure guarantee of its prudent and careful management, and the people of Patton and that vicinity will find its officers courteous and obliging gentlemen who will be happy to serve them in their business intercourse.

—While some Republicans are claiming that they will get a large number of votes from the liquor men who are led to believe that their license depends upon their votes, there are a large class of Republicans who are opposed to the holding of a threat over voters heads and will vote against the gang that has inaugurated this reign of terror to the liquor men. It is a two edged sword that will cut both ways.

—Mintmier & Orilyle, the new clothing firm of Johnstown, will display their fall line of suits and overcoats at the Mountain House to-day and to-morrow. Parties who cannot as all themselves of the opportunity of inspecting their goods at the present time should call and see this firm when they visit Johnstown. Hard time prices is the ruling feature at their establishment. Remember the number—122 Clinton street, Johnstown.

—A suit, the result of which will interest every constable in the state, was begun at Lancaster on Wednesday, by M. S. Brady, late constable of Manor township, against the county of Lancaster to recover $237.50 for services rendered. Brady, under act of assembly, was compelled to visit all hotels and bridges in his bailiwick, and for this he claims mileage and compensation, and as the point has never been raised before the case will be a test one.

—Charles B. Ellis, Johnstown's oldest citizen, died at his home in that city on Sunday last aged 93 years, 10 months and 10 days. The deceased was born in Swanage, England, on December 23, 1799, and at the age of 20 came to this country with his parents, who at an early day settled at Glen Connell, in this county. In 1827 the family removed to Johnstwn, where the parents died. Mr. Ellis was for a long time one of Johnstown's leading citizens and at the time of his death was possessed of a comfortable fortune.

—Every little while we read of some one who has stuck a rusty nail in his foot, knee or some other portion of his person and lockjaw resulting therefrom of which the patient died. Yet all such wounds, it is said, can be healed without such fatal consequences as often follow them. Smoke such wounds or any wound that is inflamed with burning wool cloth. Twenty minutes in the smoke of wool will take the pain out of the worst wound and repeated once or twice will allay the worst case of inflammation arising from a wound.

—The new borough of Patton on Saturday elected the following officers who will serve until after the regular election in February: Burgess, A. J. Jackson; councilmen, E. C. Brown, S. M. Wilson, John Yahner, P. P. Young, Dr. Worrell, Ed. A. Mellon; justices of the peace, Jesse E. Dale and James Mellon; school directors, W. J. Donnelly, Jesse E. Dale, S. M. Cornelius, William Purcell, H. Borton, Dr. J. B. Noonan; constable M. M. Crain; auditors, John E. Reilly, A. C. Winslow, R. L. Goff; inspectors, S. E. Jones, Alex. Hunter.

—Never use anything but light blankets for the beds of babies, children, or delicate adults. Big, strong people can sleep on flint, but it is wisdom to keep the body dressed night and day in loose material, so as to insure as perfect respiration for the skin as the lungs. The pores are breathing organs. There is decided warmth in quilts and comfortables, felt, skin rugs, leather, rubber and waterproof but such draperies are bad, for the reason that, being impervious, they keep in the emanations from the body; blankets, on the other hand, are loosely woven, and being perforated allow the exhalations to pass through. Delicate people, light sleepers and sick persons are oppressed by the weight of unsanitary bedclothes, which often prevent them from getting any refreshing sleep. If those women who get up in the morning feeling exhausted and tired, will dispense with quilts and comfortables and shoddy blankets, substituting an all-wool blanket and sheet, and leave the window open top and bottom, they will soon get rest and recuperation from sleep.

—On October 12th, 16th and 19th, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets at a single fare for the the round trip to the industrial exposition at Pittsburg, with twenty-five cents added for admission to the exposition, from stations on the Pittsburg division between Pittsburg and Conemaugh, from stations on the South-west Pennsylvania, the West Pennsylvania and the Monongahela divisions. Tickets will be good going on any regular train leaving stations at or before 10:00 A. M., on day of issue and valid for return until the following day inclusive.

A Sad Return From Chicago

On Friday of last week Mr. L. A. Craver, landlord of the Blair House, in this place, started for Chicago, accompanied his two sons, Demetrus and Eddie. They arrived there on Saturday and spent the balance of the day at the World's Fair. On Sunday morning they started to go to church and for that purpose halied a passing street car, intending to get on. While they were getting on the car, Mettie complained of being sick, and instead of going to church they turned back and went to their stopping place, the house of Mrs. C. Foster, formerly of Ebensburg, but now of Chicago. There they summoned a physician and despite everything that could be done, the sickness developed into a case of spinal meningitus, and on Monday evening the boy died.

Mettie Craver was of a kind and genial disposition, about 16 years of age, made friends with everyone he met, and all who knew him will be sorry for his early death. Mr. Craver and his son Eddie started home from Chicago with the remains on Tuesday, expecting to get here on Wednesday, but owing to a wreck to first section of their train at Whiting, Ind., in which the engineer and fireman were killed, caused by running into an open switch, their train was delayed several hours and they did not arrive here until this (Thursday) morning. On their arrival here the funeral cortege proceeded direct to the Catholic church in this place, where, after a High Mass of Requium, the remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery.

The sad ending of Mr. Craver's visit to the World's Fair has cast a gloom of sadness on all who have friends visiting Chicago from this place, and many are anxiously awaiting their return, feeling a dread that something unexpected may happen them

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Wednesday, October 11th, 1893:

Michael Morrisey and Lilly M. Bernis, Johnstown.

Patrick Marshall, Johnstown, and Annie Freidhoff, Morrellville.

Julius Gallitzki and Barbara Kennell, Ehrenfeld.

Francis J. Feightner, Spangler, and Agnes C. Reffner, Susquehanna township.

Richard P. Williams and Agnes M. Easly, Johnstown.

John B. McBreen and Mary Magdalena Dishart, Ebensburg.

George W. Hertzinger and Annie Hopkins, Johnstown.

Thomas V. Reese, Blacklick township, and Jennie Keller, Strongstown, Indiana county.

Julius Zernikow and Lizzie Hecker, Coopersdale.

Gustav Czarnetzsky and Hermina Hokky, Walsal.

Eleck Fox and Teresa Strittmatter, Carroll township.

John W. Leibfried and Bertha Given, Johnstown.

William F. Slagle, Ferndale, and Lottie C. Peden, Johnstown.

William Eichenschr and Lizzie Fox, Adams township.

Joseph Martzi, Morrellville, and Frony Hirsch, Brownstown.

Evan Townsend, Hastings, and Edna Kelly, Carrolltown.

Gallitzin People in Want.

The Altoona *Tribune* of Thursday says: Word comes from Gallitzin of a very sad state of affairs existing there in consequence of the hard times and the strike which has been on for a long time. Upon his return home Tuesday evening a prominent citizen of the place was informed by his wife that many persons had called for food during the day, and that she had heard of several families who expected to go supperless to bed. The gentleman started out to make an investigation and found the report to be true, and relieved many of the suffering ones. The farmers in the neighborhood heard of the condition of affairs and offered to give, free of charge, the necessaries of life to those in want if they would go after them. Yesterday morning several wagons started to the country for supplies.

Tuesday the operators made a proposition to the striking miners that they would pay the old price for all coal shipped away demanding, however, a reduction on what should be used in the home ovens. The miners decided not to accept the proposition, and the strike is still on.

Snake Story.

The Tyrone correspondent of the Harrisburg *Patriot* gets off this snake story: On last Saturday, near Birmingham, a little girl wandered from her home out into the woods and only after an absence of an hour or more was she missed by the family. A search was made for her and it was not long before she was discovered by an elder brother toying with a huge copperhead snake in the bushes. Strange to say the snake didn't appear at all concerned as the little one scraped a stick up and down its back, but rather seemed to enjoy the situation. The brother was almost paralyzed when he saw what was going on and slipping up behind the little one he despatched the reptile with a club. It measured three feet one inch and is the most poisonous of its species. The little child cried heartily because the snake had been killed and even wanted to take the carcass home.

A Farmer Bunceed.

Cyrus K. Sadler, of Port Marion, Fayette county, was bunceed to the extent of $7,000 in hard cash and a judgment note for $10,000 more. A man named Sprague turned up in Point Marion some months ago, about the time a land boom struck the place. Sadler contemplated selling his farm off in town lots. Sprague represented himself as an agent for a loan association, which, he said, would prove a bonanza to those getting in on the ground floor, and represented further to Sadler the folly of letting money lie idle when he could make 15 or 20 per cent. on it in his scheme. Sadler invested $10,000 and gave his check for $7,000 with nothing to show for it. The $7,000 was to be credited on the note but Sprague failed to do so and it is entered up in the prothonotary's office at Uniontown.

Crushed by a Car.

Charley, the 4-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. E. Zang, of Johnstown, was run over by a street car at that place on Monday, and from injuries received will probably die. The child ran in front of the car, which was running slowly at the time, seeming to take a sudden notion to cross the street. It was too late to stop the car, and the little one was knocked down, the whole length of the motor passing over it. After the child had been picked up both thighs were found to be broken and the right leg from the knee down was badly mangled, its foot and ankle being smashed to a jelly. A big gash in the cheek and one in the back of the head are also serious, besides internal injuries are likely sustained.

Real Estate Tranfers.

John Ashcroft et al. to George C. Plummer, Washington township, $200.

John Ashcroft et al. to Mary Parrish, Washington township, $300.

John Ashcroft et al. to William H. Pruner, Washington township, $300.

Charles Anna to Thomas Craver, Patton, $180.

Citizens' Cemetery Association to John J. Humphreys, Upper Yoder township, $36.

Citizens' Cemetery Association to George W. Moses, Upper Yoder township, $51.

Citizen's Cemetery Association to Matthew Moses, Sr., Upper Yoder township, $51.

Christopher Bantly et ux. to Jacob Foust, Richland township, $.61.

V. S. Barker et ux. to John Fees, Ebensburg, $1,300.

A. C. Buck & Co. to Augustine Carlston, Gallitzin, $450.

John Brendel to Martin Marx, Johnstown, $1,000.

John Brendel to Fred Marx, Johnstown, $500.

Adele H. Barger et al. to Mary Apple, Reade township, $1.

Cambria Iron Company to Mary Elizabeth Nolen, West Taylor township, $1, and other lot.

Theodore Cover to R. F. Hidenthall, Conemaugh township, $400.

Cambria Iron Company to John W. Lininger, Johnstown, $800.

John D. Eger et al. to Mary C. Dumm, Barr township, $620.

Chest Creek Land and Improvement Company to J. Watt Miller, Patton, $250.

Jacob J. Foy et ux. to Gabriel Donmayer, Richland township, $1,000.

Ephraim Findley et al. to Andrew Lazareak, West Taylor township, $1,300.

Philip A. Gray, Jr., to August Hoell, Spangler, $330.

Charles C. Greer to Anna Gertrude Heidenthall, Conemaugh township, $1.

William Golde to Adam Fullmer, Johnstown, $1,000.

Daniel H. Helsel et ux. to Grace Ickes, Adams township, $20.91.

B. F. Heidenthall et ux. to Charles C. Greer, Conemaugh township, $100.

George Heidingsfelter et ux. to Hiram Shank, Richland township, $879.75.

Jonathan Horner et ux. to Margaret L. Horner, Johnstown, $250.

Levi Kelly et ux. to John T. Robbins et al., Gallitzin township, $450.

Lawrence Kost et ux. to Ellen Smith, Johnstown, $300.

Peter P. Lehman et ux. to Gabriel Donmyer, Richland township, $579.

John W. Lininger et ux. to James H. Buckey, Johnstown, $450.

Philip Miller's executrix to Charles Miller, Elder township, $100.

Jacob M. Murdock to Chas. Bader, Johnstown, $1,650.

Margaret P. McConaughy et al. to John Saner, Johnstown, $1,100.

Thomas McGuire to Harry F. McGuire, Stonycreek township, $500.

D. S. McAnulty et ux. to Nancy H. Long, Barneston, $125.

George McGrew et ux. to Alexander Wagner, Dale, $1,800.

Elizabeth McMullen et vir. to George B. McMullen, Gallitzin township, $50.

James N. McGuire et ux. to Elizabeth McMullen, Gallitzin township, $50.

Joseph C. McMullen et ux. to George Baker, Elder township, $45.

Milton A. Sherbine et ux. to Geo. Gable, Summerhill, $100.

Anthony Slosser et ux. to John Canyok, Portage township, $200.

J. A. Shoemaker et ux. to Martha A. Confer, Dean township, $10.

J. L. Spangler et ux. to Strittmatter Bros., Hastings, $250.

Vincent A. Sanker et ux. to Rebecca A. Myers, Washington township, $80.

Hiram Shank et ux to Adam J. Follmar, Richland township, $883.

Charles Von Lunen et ux. to Sarah M. Berkebile, Johnstown, $500.

J. F. Wakefield et ux. to L. A. Platt, Susquehanna township, $1.

The Lowest Rate of the Year to Chicago.

At a recent meeting the rate to Chicago via the Pennsylvania railroad was definitely decided upon, and will hold good during the remaining excursions of the people's popular coach series: $18.00 from New York; $17.00 from Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and proportionately low rates from other points on the company's division and branches. These rates are the lowest that have yet been authorized, and their ultimate legality has been brought about mainly through the efforts of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

The remaining dates on which this remarkable rate will apply are October 11th, 17th and 21st, from New York and Philadelphia, and 7th, 14th and 21st, from Baltimore and Washington, when trains will leave the several eastern terminals fully and comfortably equipped with Pennsylvania standard coaches, and all taking advantage of these exceptional opportunities are assured of being amply cared for in transit. The arriving time in Chicago, early the next afternoon, is on equality with the fast express trains' schedule, and affords sufficient time for a selection of accommodations for the stay in Chicago.

The immense volume of travel now directing itself towards the World's Fair, and the rapidly approaching termination of the Exposition influence the company to place every inducement possible before the public. There could be no better way devised to encourage visits to the most marvelously gorgeous exhibition the people of this generation have ever seen.

Signs of the Times.

The leaves in the forest are beginning to turn yellow and brown, and to drop off one by one, presaging the approach of autumn and bringing with it many climatic changes. It needs a very strong constitution to withstand the sudden shocks of cold and moisture. Unfortunately there are very few so gifted, the majority of the human race need to have their natures strengthened and stimulated, and there is no better remedial agent than a pure rye whiskey. Klein's Silver Age Rye has stood the severest tests and has been found to be absolutely perfect, being recommended and prescribed by the highest medical authorities. It is for sale by dealers generally at $1.50 per full quart; Duquesne Rye at $1.25 per quart, and Bear Creek at $1.00 per quart are highly recommended. Send for a catalogue of all kinds of liquors to

MAX KEEIN,
82 Federal street, Allegheny, Pa.

Obituary.

WHITE.—Died at her home in Barr township on Sunday, October 8, 1893, Miss Barbara White, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cristopher White, aged 19 years and 4 months.

It is with more than ordinary feelings of sadness that we chronicle the death of this young lady. For nearly a year and a half previous to her death she was an inmate of our household, in our employ as a housekeeper, and by her good nature, kind disposition and industry had gained the good will and affection of our family, who will always bear her memory in their breasts with feelings of kindest remembrance and with sorrow for her early death. We sympathize with her parents in the loss of a kind and dutiful daughter who gave every promise of being a comfort to them in their old age and whose death must fall upon them with a crushing blow. But we must all submit to the will of Providence and trust she is now in the enjoyment of a life of eternal bliss. May her soul rest in peace.

—Mr. Tim Jones, of this place, has a felon on his left hand.

Dragging the Schools Into Politics.

We are informed that Mr. J. W. Leech, county superintendent of schools, is the agent selected by the Republican committee to secure tax receipts for free distribution. No one will question Mr. Leech's right to exercise the privilege of a citizen in whatsoever party he is inclined, but the people of Cambria county should and will resent such action as this. They did not elect him to his high position in order that he should prostitute his influence in the work of a Republican heeler; nor are they yet prepared to see our schools dragged into the Republican camp to keep company with the saloons in political campaigns. Mr. Leech is, perhaps, not so much to blame as the Republican bosses, who, having degraded the highest office in the county to the level of a party whip, do not hesitate to make similar use of one equally sacred. Whither, in the name of decency, are we drifting, and where are we to stop if this sort of business is permitted to continue? It is high time that all who cherish the honor of our county should unite to crush out the elements which are bartering it for personal success. Voters, let no set of men thrust such insults in your faces. Resent them at the polls. Vote against corruption and the Barker gang.—*Hastings Tribune.*

Miscellaneous Notices.

NOTICE.
Stockholders' annual meeting of the Lilly Building and Loan Association will be held in Rodey's Hall on the Third Thursday in October, 1893, at 7 P. M., for the general transaction of business and election of officers to serve for the ensuing year, and issuing of the fifth series of stock.
J. B. MULLEN,
Oct. 6, 1893.2t. Secretary.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale a number of lots for building purposes in Washington township, Cambria county, adjacent to the coal mines of Powell & McCoy, now in operation. These lots are situated midway between Summit and the high bridge, on the township road. Call on or address
PAUL McKENNA,
Sept. 1, 1893. Summit, Cambria Co., Pa.

LOST.—Small purse, dark green lizard skin, with plain silver clasp, containing several dollars. Lost on Munster turnpike between O'Hara's and Oregon. Suitable reward for return of same to Mrs. Maurice Cosgrove, P. O. Box 45, Oregon, Pa.

FOR SALE.
A two-seated carriage, 1 buggy, a road cart, 1 double set harness for carriage, and two single sets of buggy harness. Inquire of
JOSEPH KIMBALL,
Residing two miles south of Ebensburg.

WANTED.—Catholic young man to collect, deliver and solicit. Address with reference.
P. F. McGOVERN,
79 Webster Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.
Sept. 15.3t.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in October, $1,000.00.
THOS. DAVIS,
LESTER LARIMER, Secretary. President.

AGENTS (male or female) make $10 a day. New invention. Every household must have it. Small outlay, big profits. Perfection Mfg. Co., 155 St. Clair St., Cleveland, O.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, to me directed, I will expose to sale by public vendue or outcry on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1893,

at 1 o'clock P. M. at the late residence of B. H. Gardner, deceased, all the following described real estate, viz:

All that certain tract of land situate in Reade township, in said county of Cambria, adjoining lands of Henry Horner, Robert Hollen and Benjamin Myers, containing

52 ACRES,

more or less. About forty — acres of said land are improved, and there is thereon erected a two story FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, a large BANK BARN, and other outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE:

Ten per cent. of bid on day of sale when the property is struck down; one-third in thirty days, and the balance on or before the first day of April, 1894. Deferred payments to be secured by the bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

Possession to be given the first day of April, 1894.
GEORGE V. GARDNER,
Administrator of H. H. Gardner, deceased.
Sept. 1 29, 1893.4t.

A. E. PATTON, President. *WM. H. SANFORD, Cashier.*

THE
First National Bank
OF PATTON.

PATTON, Cambria Co., Pa.

Capital, paid up, - - $50,000.

Accounts of Corporations, Firms and Individuals received upon the most favorable terms consistent with safe and conservative Banking.

Steamship Tickets for sale by all the leading Lines and Foreign Drafts payable in any of the principal cities of the Old World.

All correspondence will have our personal and prompt attention.

oct13.93

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN APplication will be made to the governor of the state of Pennsylvania on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1893, by Jacob H. Taylor, executors of David McCoy, executors of William E. Hooper, Theodore Hooper, James E. Hooper, Charles J. Taylor, Harry S. Taylor, John F. McCoy, Charles A. McCoy and Edwin R. Baldridge under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Lilly, Water, Light and Power Company," the character and objects of which are for the supplyin of water and for the manufacture and supply of light and power by means of electricity to the public at the borough of Lilly and to such persons, partnerships and associations therein and adjacent thereto, and for these purposes to have possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and supplements thereto.
R. L. GEORGE,
Lilly, Pa., Oct. 6, 1893.3t. Solicitor

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
Having been appointed an auditor by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, Penn'a., to report a distribution of the fund in the hands of John McTamany, administrator of John Behe, late of Washington twnship, deceased, notice is hereby given that I will sit at my office in the borough of Ebensburg on **Friday, the 27th day of October, 1893, at 10 o'clock, A. M.**, to attend to the duties of said appointment, at which time and place all persons interested in said estate must attend or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.
F. J. LITTLE
Ebensburg, Pa., Oct. 6, 1893.3t. Auditor.

HOTEL LEGRANDE.
H. J. SHETTIG, PROPRIETOR.
Located at DuBois, Pa., near the B. R. & P. Railway Depot. We always endeavor to furnish the best accommodations to business men, pleasure seekers and boarders. Persons in search of comfort and quiet will find it a desirable place to stop. The Table is unsurpassed and is always supplied with the best the market affords, and all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is supplied with the choicest of pure liquors and cigars and nothing but the best is sold. Special attention given to the care of horses.
H. J. SCHETTIG.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of Thomas Kinney, deceased.
Letters testamentary in the estate of Thomas Kinney, late of Wilmore borough, Cambria county, deceased, having been granted to me all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
P. M. KINNEY,
Executor,
Wilmore, Pa
Sept. 1, 1893.

To Investors.

WHY go away from home to seek investments when you can buy Pennsylvania First Mortgage securities on the Cash or Monthly Payment plan and which will net you twenty per cent. on your money? For particulars call on or address
H. A. ENGLEHART,
Aug. 5, 1892. Ebensburg, Pa.

ATTENTION!

WE ARE

THE PEOPLE!

We are convinced that our prices and goods are right. Since we became Simon & Co.'s successors our daily sales up to date have increased just 40 per cent., and we still continue to sell at the same small profit figures. In Clothing you can be suited in a Suit for yourself, your boy or boys in higher quality than price. In Spring and Summer Styles we are stocked up to overflowing. We feel confident that if you come to us you will go away better pleased than ever before, as this is our motto:

Please and Satisfy Everybody.

Why do you get your Shirts made when you can get them to fit you at such a remarkably low price and goods to suit the most particular.

We have Shirts from 25 cents up to $2.98. Men's Fedora Hats in every shade, color and style that you want for $1.48.

Also a very fine line of the latest and most fashionable Stiff Hats from 50 cents up.

FURNITURE.

Below we will quote a few prices. Then you can judge for yourself.

1 set good yellow chairs	$ 3.00
1 set good dark Chairs	2.50
1 set good dark Chairs	3.00
1 set cane seat Chairs in dark	4.98
1 set cane seat Chairs in dark	5.50
1 set cane seat Chairs in dark	6.00
1 set cane seat Chairs, Mahogany	6.24
1 Oak Rocker with arm	1.75
1 Dark Rocker with arm	1.69
1 Oak cane seat, fancy arm	2.85
1 dark cane seat, fancy	2.75
1 light, very fancy arm	2.98
Child's Rockers, 50c., 65c., 75c. and	1.00
Perforated Chairs and Rockers in all styles and prices.	
1 full 8-piece Mahogany or Walnut Bed-room Suite	24.00
1 full 8-piece Oak Bed-room Suit	27.00
Sideboards, Cupboards and Sinks a specialty.	

Oil Cloth & Carpets.

We are stocked in Oil Cloth and Carpets. It will save you money to buy of us as in buying our stock early and in large quantities we saved money.

Floor Oil Cloth from 25 cents to 48 cents per square yard.

Ingrain Carpet, one yard wide, at 30, 40, 48 and 60 cents.

Stair Carpet from 23 cents up to 50 cents per yard.

SHOES! SHOES!

If you wish to get a good and substantial Shoe call on us. You will surely find something that will suit you.

Ladies' dongola plain tip and spring heel, button	$1.25 to $2.00
Ladies' dongola, opera and common sense, button, heel	$1.25 to 1.50
Ladies' extra fine tipped Bucher	2.50
Ladies' russet, tipped, button	2.00
Ladies' fine pebbled buttoned; also, Misses' and Children's patent leather tipped	$1.40, $1.25. 1.30
Ladies' fine surge, button or lace	1.28
Ladies' tipped and common sense Oxfords	$1.00 and 1.25
Children's tipped Oxfords	.50
Children's russet and dongola spring heel	$1.00 and 1.10
Infants' shoes from 25 cents up.	
Men's lace and congress shoes	1.25
Men's satin calf, lace or congress	2.00
Men's B calf, lace or congress	1.75
Men's tipped Blucher, extra fine	2.50
Men's fine hand-sewed, lace or congress	3.00
Men's Greacian calf, lace or congress	2.00
Men's fine Kangaroo tipped, lace or congress	3.00
Men's extra fine gossamere calf, lace or congress	1.75
Men's grain plow shoes, buckled, Ballist tongue	1.35
Mens working shoes you can get from us from .99 cents to	1.25

DRY GOODS.

Ladies, here is the place to get your dry goods.

Curtains from 75 cents $5.00 per pair.

Ladies' percale waists, light or dark, 50 cents.

Ladies' batost waists, figured and striped, with ruffled front at 75c.

White waists, all kinds of material, the latest and most fashionable styles, from 69 cents to $2.48.

Dress ginghams for 8 cents per yard and up.

Apron ginghams from 4½ to 10 cents.

Muslin in bleached or unbleached from 4½ to 10 cents.

In Calico we are stocked full of the finest, newest and most desirable in the market, at from 3 to 14 cents.

Ladies' skirt embroidery, 40 inches wide, for 48 cents and up.

Flouncing embroidery from 35 cents to $1 per yard.

A complete line of trimmings of all sorts and dresses in all styles on our shelves and counters.

Call and see them. You can't help but buy, as the bargains we are offering in the ladies line are something that you can't grasp every day.

We challenge any one to equal the intrinsic value as well as the variety and extent of our bargain offering this season. Don't wait but come at once to

Yours Respectfully,

ORTH & CO.,
THE LEADERS,
GALLITZIN, PENNA.

N. B.—It may be of interest to you to say we are still deep in the grocery business. It will surprise you to see the way we are selling goods in this department of our mammoth store. Some merchants say "I wonder where they can get goods to sell at those figures, as we can't buy them wholesale at the prices they are retailing for." Here is the secret: We know where the goods grow—that is why we sell so low. And when you come to town,

Look for the Red Flag--That is the Place.

R. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.
ESTABLISHED 1872.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,
BANKERS,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.

Carrolltown Bank,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.
T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general Bank ing business:

DEPOSITS
Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS
Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS
Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS
Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS
Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended.

Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,
JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

JUST RECEIVED!
—A LARGE LOT—
Boots & Shoes
—BOUGHT AT—
Sheriff's Sale!
—FROM THE STOCK OF—
W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,
PITTSBURG, PA.

The public invited to call. Prices away down.

JNO. LLOYD & SONS.

S. L. REED. MATTHOT READE.
REED & READE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.
Office on Centre street. [4 28 93

M. D. KITTELL,
Attorney-at-Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Armory Building, opp. Court House.

T. W. DICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A
Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. ebT-'86

J. F. McKENRICK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA
Office on Centre street.

P. J. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, - - PA.
Office in Opera House. oc6 93

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Collonade Row, on Centre street.

DONALD E. DUFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENNA.
Office in Op

BIRD CATCHING.

How the Trick Is Done in England by Professionals.

A Description of the Methods Employed in Snaring the Chaffinch in the Suburbs of London Before the Break of Day.

A bench was handy, and on these the materials for snaring were laid out and made ready, says a London correspondent of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. They were few and simple. Each man had a stuffed male chaffinch in full plumage mounted on a short length of stick, in one end of which was a sharp spike. Besides this the only tools of the craft were half a dozen pieces of whalebone of about the thickness of an umbrella rib and nine inches long, and these, like the stuffed bird's mounting, were provided at one end with a spike. A little stone jar containing bird lime completed the outfit.

These preliminaries completed, we made a start for the forest, which was close at hand, Bob the Butcher (who had won the toss for first try) keeping well in advance of the rest of the party. It could not, however, be said that chaffinches were plentiful, though all round about us there was an abundance of bird music of almost every other kind. It was not the fault of the valiant peggers. Their cages all the time enveloped in the handkerchiefs, they seemed to know exactly what was required of them, and fired off their challenge loud and ringing, at the rate of at least three within the minute. But presently Bob the Butcher, who was some twenty yards ahead, held up his hand in token that he had at last "found something." On that the sailor boy was placed for the time being under a furze bush, and we all hurried up to see the fun.

A cruel sport is chaffinch pegging. Not that any actual pain is inflicted on the poor birds in the act of capture, though no doubt they are most terribly frightened. The villainy of the business lies in the unfortunate finch being made the victim of his jealous regard for the welfare of his nest mate—the wife of his bosom. So nice are his ideas of domestic felicity that though his house is no larger than the hollow of one's hand, he insists on having a tree all to himself for accommodation. No other pair of chaffinches may build there, nor must any male of the tribe come loafing round. Sure as he does a fight ensues and the interloper is driven away. It is on the chaffinch's known objection to visitors of his own species that the rascally bird catcher founds his hopes of success, as was speedily made manifest by Bob the Butcher's maneuvering at the trunk of the poplar tree, among the boughs of which a wild finch was all the time angrily responding to the hidden caged bird's challenge.

Pyncing his slips of whalebone the butcher smeared them plentifully with the bird lime, and by means of the spiked ends stuck them here and there in the tree trunk, and immediately beneath he fixed the stuffed bird. It was not till then that he placed the decoy finch—its cage still tied up in the handkerchief—at the foot of the tree, and covered it over with a handful or two of grass. This was the "pitch," and on the instant a watch was produced and the exact time noted, and we all withdrew to the screening of a hedge close at hand, peeping through the openings of which we could see what was taking place in the poplar tree. The hidden bird continuing his "challenge," the wild bird—always answering, and each succeeding time more fiercely—was presently seen eagerly fluttering this way in search of the intruder. At last, green eyed—and on that account purblind probably—it caught sight of the harmless dummy down below, and, with a shriek of rage, was down on it, swift seemingly as a stone from a sling. But the treacherous limed twigs intercepted the savage pounce, and the next moment, with its outstretched wings held by the detached smeared sticks, it fell helpless to the ground.

AN OLD-TIME "PERSONAL."

A Baronet Advertised for a Baroness, and Without Success.

Those who believe that the matrimonial advertisement originated with the modern Sunday newspaper should consult the Ipswich Journal of August 21 1802, which contains this advertisement:

"To the angelic fair of the true English breed, worthy notice. Sir John Dinely, of Windsor castle, recommends himself and his ample fortune to any angelic beauty of a good breed, fit to become and willing to be the mother of a noble heir, and keep up the name of an ancient family ennobled by deed of arms and ancestral renown. Ladies at a certain period of life need not apply. Fortune favors the bold. Such ladies as this advertisement may induce to apply or send their agents (but no servants or matrons) may direct to me at the castle, Windsor. Happiness and pleasure are agreeable objects, and should be regarded as well as honor. The lady who shall thus become my wife will be a baroness and rank accordingly as Lady Dinely of Windsor. Good will and favor to all ladies of Great Britain. Pull no caps on his account, but favor him with your smiles, and peans of pleasure await your steps."

Notwithstanding this tempting offer to the fair sex Sir John Dinely died a bachelor in 1808, an inmate of the poor knights' quarters in Windsor castle.

FIRESIDE FRAGMENTS.

SMOTHERED BEEF.—Chop raw beef, season, add herbs to taste, and sprinkle with bits of butter. Cover tightly and bake. Serve in pan gravy.—Good Housekeeping.

POTATO SALAD.—Cut potatoes into cubes, season with salt, pepper and a little vinegar. A small onion may be chopped fine and added if desired. Dress with mayonnaise.

SOFT GINGER BREAD.—One half cupful butter, two cups molasses, one cup sugar, four cups flour, one cup milk, four eggs, one teaspoonful baking powder, ginger and cloves to taste.—Farm, Field and Fireside.

BEEF ROLLS.—Chop fine the remnants of roast beef or beefsteak, add pepper and salt to taste and some mixed sweet herbs if liked, also a little butter. Make into a roll and inclose it in puff paste and bake for half an hour.—Orange Judd Farmer.

How a Philadelphia Man Falls.

One of the best of recent stories at the expense of the average inhabitant of the Quaker city is told by Lew Dockstader.

"I was walking through Twenty-third street the other afternoon," he says, "when a man toppled from the roof of a six-story building and came whirling down through the air, striking the sidewalk just in front of me. To my amazement he got up and began to brush off his clothing with the utmost unconcern.

"'That was a pretty bad fall you had,' said I. 'Aren't you hurt?'

"'Nop,' said the man.

"'I can't understand it,' said I. 'A fall like that would have killed anybody else.'

"'Yes, I know,' said he. 'But, you see, I'm from Philadelphia and I fall slowly.'"—N. Y. Times.

HON. Z. AVERY,

ONE OF THE LARGEST CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS IN NEBRASKA.

HEART DISEASE 30 YEARS.

GRAND ISLAND, NEB., April 8th, 1892.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

GENTLEMEN: I had been troubled with HEART DISEASE FOR THE LAST 30 YEARS, and although I was treated by able physicians and tried many remedies, I grew steadily worse until I WAS COMPLETELY PROSTRATED AND CONFINED TO MY BED WITHOUT ANY HOPE OF RECOVERY. I would have very bad sink- ing spells, when my pulse wo- uld stop beating altogether, and it was with the greatest difficulty that my circulation could be st- arted, which CURED bring- ck to consciousness again. While in this condi- tion I tried your NEW HEART CURE, and began to improve from the first, and now I am able to do a good day's work for a man 68 years of age. I give DR. MILES' NEW HEART CURE all the credit for my recovery. It is over six months since I have taken any, although I keep a bottle in the house in case I should need it. I have also used your NERVE AND LIVER PILLS, and think a great deal of them. THOUSANDS would Z. AVERY.

Sold on a Positive Guarantee.

DR. MILES' PILLS, 50 DOSES 25 CTS

SOLD BY DR. T. J. DAVISON, EBENSBURG.

Bicycles and Watches given to Boys and Girls. Write for particulars. AMERICAN TEA CO. 338 to 346 5th Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

Garfield Tea Overcomes effects of bad eating. Cures Sick Headache, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 329 W. 45th St., N.Y.

Cures Constipation

Constipation

Demands prompt treatment. The results of neglect may be serious. Avoid all harsh and drastic purgatives, the tendency of which is to weaken the bowels. **The best remedy is Ayer's Pills.** Being purely vegetable, their action is prompt and their effect always beneficial. They are an admirable Liver and After-dinner pill, and everywhere endorsed by the profession.

"Ayer's Pills are highly and universally spoken of by the people about here. I make daily use of them in my practice."—Dr. I. E. Fowler, Bridgeport, Conn.

"I can recommend Ayer's Pills above all others, having long proved their value as a cathartic for myself and family."—J. T. Hess, Leithsville, Pa.

"For several years Ayer's Pills have been used in my family. We find them an

Effective Remedy

for constipation and indigestion, and are never without them in the house."—Moses Grenier, Lowell, Mass.

"I have used Ayer's Pills, for liver troubles and indigestion, during many years, and have always found them prompt and efficient in their action."—L. N. Smith, Utica, N. Y.

"I suffered from constipation which assumed such an obstinate form that I feared it would cause a stoppage of the bowels. Two boxes of Ayer's Pills effected a complete cure."—D. Burke, Saco, Me.

"I have used Ayer's Pills for the past thirty years and consider them an invaluable family medicine. I know of no better remedy for liver troubles, and have always found them a prompt cure for dyspepsia."—James Quinn, 30 Middle st., Hartford, Conn.

"Having been troubled with costiveness, which seems inevitable with persons of sedentary habits, I have tried Ayer's Pills, hoping for relief. I am glad to say that they have served me better than any other medicine. I arrive at this conclusion only after a faithful trial of their merits."—Samuel T. Jones, Oak st., Boston, Mass.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees. Our Office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington. Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.

Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

FOR ARTISTIC

JOB PRINTING

TRY THE FREEMAN.

DO YOU NEED GLASSES? EYES EXAMINED FREE

Spectacles perfectly fitted and guaranteed for 2 years. Artificial eyes inserted.

J. DIAMOND, Optician, Estab'd. 1860. 228 S 4th St., PITTSBURG, PA. jn28.93-y

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency

T. W. DICK,

General Insurance Agent

EBENSBURG, PA.

SALESMEN WANTED

To sell NURSERY STOCK. We grow all the best varieties, old and new, replace all stock that dies, and guarantee satisfaction. Highest salary or commission paid from the start. Write for terms.

B. E. Hooker Co., Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y. Established 1825. Incorporated 1883.

DO you need Job Printing? If so, give the FREEMAN a trial order.

A RATTLING TIME.

Given a Stick and a Picket Fence the Boy Is Bound to Have It.

"Every middle-aged man of sound memory who was brought up in town," said Mr. Gratebar, "will recall the fact that when he was a boy he found great delight in rattling a stick along the picket fences. This amusement of childhood, like many others of that period of life, appears to have been transmitted from generation to generation without material change. The strings of spools and the soldier hats and so on of the children of to-day are substantially like those of their forefathers. But it might seem to some that this succession is in danger of being broken. In many suburban towns and villages there is now no picket fence. The modern sprit says lawns, and so there are many places where the houses are as if in parks, and where the younger children might not know a picket fence if they should see one. I have two children, for instance, who I am quite sure have never enjoyed the felicity of rattling a hard stick against the resounding pickets. It might indeed seem, under such circumstances, that this is one of the enjoyments of childhood which in some families might be lost altogether; that one could scarcely expect the children of these children who have never rattled pickets to think of it themselves; but I cannot believe this. I believe, rather, that if in their youth the children of these children should come upon a town where picket fences still remained they would pick up the hardest stick and go quite naturally and very gleefully rattling it along the pickets; for I cannot believe that a habit grounded for centuries in the human race can be utterly lost by its lapse in a single generation.—N. Y. Sun.

ECCENTRICITIES OF GENIUS.

Queer Doings and Ideas of Some of the World's Greatest Men and Women.

We often hear people offering objections to certain of their acquaintances because they are "queer." Eccentricity, however, is oftener allied to genius than not, says the Pittsburgh Dispatch. Among the musicians there have been found some of the most whimsical of men.

Haydn could not compose satisfactorily to himself without first having put on his best suit of clothes and powdered his hair. Nor could he get his ideas in form until he had placed upon his finger a diamond ring presented to him by Frederick II. Another composer, Sacchini by name declared that he never had any moments of inspiration excepting when his two pet cats were sitting upon his shoulders. In other lines than music we find that Tycho de Brahe, the celebrated astronomer of the sixteenth century, dropped to the ground whenever he caught sight of a hare or a fox. Ladislaus, king of Poland, took to flight as soon as he saw an apple. Henry III., king of England, could not bear to be in a room where there was a cat, even though he might not see it. Erasmus, of Rotterdam, one of the most enlightened men of the period, was thrown into a fever at the sight of a fish. Bacon, the great English chancellor, fainted while gazing at an eclipse of the moon. John II., grand duke of Moscow, fell into a swoon at the sight of a woman—surely the strangest peculiarity ever noticed in a man.

Chevalier de Guise was similarly affected by the sight of a rose, even without smelling its fragrance. Maria de Medici, the wife of Louis XII., fond as she was of flowers, generally speaking, could not disguise her repugnance to roses, even painted ones.

TYPICAL AMERICAN STUDENTS.

Two Undraped Statues on Exhibition in Boston. The Discussions of Each.

Two interesting statues, the result of much hard work, were put on exhibition in Boston recently. One was that of a young man and the other that of a girl. They were designed to represent the American college student, not the ideal American student of either sex, but the actual typical student, the measurements used having been the average, or mean, of development of students from various parts of the country. The statues are described by the Rochester Post and Express as representing "fairly well built young persons, symmetrically developed, and without serious physical defects." The figures have an easy pose, standing firmly and gracefully. The faces, which were modeled after composite photographs made from the students from whom the measurements were taken, are handsome and thoughtful, with a marked air of refinement. The face of the young man is the handsomer of the two, but that of the young woman is nearest the classic standard. In the former's figure there are some marked departures from the standard. The hands and knees are large, while the wrists are small. The height of the male is five feet eight inches and of the female five feet three inches. The male represents a weight of one hundred and thirty-eight and one-half pounds and the female one hundred and fifteen pounds. Each figure represents measurements taken from forty-two leading parts of the body and these show the average development of each sex at the age of twenty-one years. It is worthy of note that the typical American student has a better physical development than that of the British or German, as is shown by comparison with measurements made recently in those countries.

DANDIES IN THE ARMY.

German Soldiers Who Bedeck Themselves with Finery.

Referring to the recent order of the German emperor with regard to the dandyfied irregularities which had become common in the German army, says the London Globe, a correspondent at Berlin calls our attention to the fact that the kaiser himself is not altogether free from affectation of this kind, inasmuch as he himself sets the fashion of "bangle" wearing. In most of the many portraits of the kaiser the bangle is brought into special prominence by the position of the arm. But though addicted to the bangle, he never condescended to the earring, which formerly was very commonly worn among his officers.

In the time of Frederick William II., when the German army was resting on the laurels of the great Frederick, dandies flourished in great numbers among the officers, in spite of severe official condemnations of foppery. The monstrosities and extravagances differed but slightly from those of to-day—sharp-pointed toes, ridiculously high collars and short overcoats without seams. Latter-day exquisites have also adopted the plan of crowding on the finger as many rings as possible—he who can carry the largest number on the ring fingers and at the same time bend his finger being considered to have the blnest blood.

Caste in India.

Some idea of the extent and petty distinctions of caste in India can be obtained from a few figures like the following from the last census: Over one thousand three hundred divisions of caste are named, while over seven thousand are not specified; five hundred and twenty-one kinds of Brahmins. A single division of the merchant class has four hundred and eleven subdivisions, while the outcast numbers hundreds of classes.

"WHERE DIRT GATHERS, WASTE RULES."

GREAT SAVING RESULTS FROM THE USE OF

SAPOLIO

1893. Vim. Vigor. Victory. 1893.

UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS OF THE GREAT

Pittsburg Exposition.

OPENED September 6th. CLOSES October 21st.

Press and public cordially indorse and pronounce it surpassingly grand. All departments fully ready. An examination of its many attractions will astonish and please you. Music daily by the unrivaled bands of

Gilmore and Brooks,

ASSISTED BY THE UNCROWNED QUEENS OF SONG.

Frau Materna,
Madame Sofia Scalchi,
Lillian Blauvelt,
Black Patti,
and Signor Campanini.

1893. Special Excursions and Reduced Rates on All Railroads. 1893.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but their gentle action pleases all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE

WE TELL YOU

nothing new when we state that it pays to engage in a permanent, most healthy and pleasant business, that returns a profit for every day's work. Such is the business we offer the working class. We teach them how to make money rapidly, and guarantee every one who follows our instructions faithfully the making of $300.00 a month.

Every one who takes hold **now** and works will surely and speedily increase their earnings; there can be no question about it; others now at work are doing it, and you, reader, can do the same. This is the best paying business that you have ever had the chance to engage in. Don't make a mistake if you fail to give it a trial at once. If you grasp the situation, and act quickly, you will directly find yourself in a most prosperous business, at which you can surely make and save large sums of money. The results of only a few hours' work will often equal a week's wages. Whether you are old or young, man or woman, it makes no difference,—do as we tell you, and success will meet you at the very start. Neither experience or capital necessary. Those who work for us are rewarded. Why not write to-day for particulars, free? E. C. ALLEN & CO., Box No. 420, Augusta, Me.

EAGLE BRAND

The Best

ROOFING

Is unequaled for house barn, factory or outbuilding and costs half the price of shingles, tin or iron. It is ready for use and easily applied by anyone.

Rubber Paint

Costs only 50 cents per gallon in barrel lots, or $1.50 for 5 gallon cans. Color, dark red. Will stop leaks in tin or iron, and will last for years. Try it. Send stamp for samples and full particulars.

Excelsior Paint and Roofing Company, 155 Duane St., New York, N. Y. sep22-3m-nr.

FEES BROS.'

Shaving Parlor,

Main Street, Near Post Office

☞The undersigned desires to inform the public that they have opened a shaving par or on Main street, near the post office where barberin in all its branches will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean. Your patronage solicited.

FEES BROS.

CASSIDAY'S

Shaving Parlor,

EBENSBURG.

THIS well-known Shaving Parlor is located on Centre street, near the County Jail, has recently been handsomely reinvnished, papered and fitted with every modern convenience, and is one of the prettiest, neatest, and best shops in Northern Cambria. It is in charge of competent workmen who will give every attention to customers. Your patronage solicited.

ROBERT CASSIDAY.

We send the marvelous French Remedy CALTHOS Free, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP Discharges & Emissions, CURE Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor. *Use it and pay if satisfied.* Address, VON MOHL CO., Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

All persons having claims against the estate of Jeremiah Noonan, late of Munster township, Cambria county deceased, or against the estate of Elena Noonan, late of said township, deceased are requested to present their claims properly probated to me by May 25th, 1893.

M. D. KITTELL,

Ebensburg, Pa., March 31, 1893.

WANTED.—Reliable men to sell our choice and hardy Nursery Stock, and Seed Potatoes, full and complete line. Many varieties can only be obtained through us. Commission or salary paid weekly and promptly. Exclusive and choice of territory given. Don't delay. Write at once for terms.

ALLEN NURSERY Co.,

July 28, 20t.

AGENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm; large profits; stock sale. SAMPLE FREE. A rare opportunity. Geo. A. [illegible], 347 Broadway, N. Y.

LADIES!

Are you reckless enough to venture? If so send two cents in stamps to the *Mack Publishing Co.*, 528 and 530 Washington Street, New York, for one of their beautiful illustrated "Ladies' Books." It is a novel, unique, and interesting work to every person of refinement.

On receipt of ten cents in stamps they will send postpaid a full set of their famous house hold guide **Verba.**

For ten cents they will also send a book containing complete words of "The Mikado," and music of its most popular songs, together with ten exquisite chromo cards.

QUINEPTUS!

A very pleasing, harmless glycyrrhized aromatic compound for disguising the taste of quinine and other bitter drugs, either solid or fluid. Price, 75 Cents per Pint Bottle. Prescribed by thousands of physicians in Europe and America. Formula accompanies every bottle. For Sale by Druggists.

Manufactured by

The Academic Pharmaceutic Co., LONDON AND NEW YORK.

532—536 WASHINGTON ST., NEW YORK CITY

ROYAL ELIXIR.

An elegant English pharmaceutical preparation for bilious, malarial and blood troubles; the result of over a century of the most eminent scientific research.

Approved by the highest medical authorities in use in the hospitals in every part of Europe. Especially helpful to ladies, children and people of sedentary habits.

Entirely vegetable; free from harmful drugs.

In Handsome Packages, Price 50 Cts.

Prepared solely by

The Royal Pharmaceutic Co. LONDON AND NEW YORK,

Chemists by appointment to Her Majesty the Queen, and to the Royal Family.

NEW YORK BRANCH: 130, 132, 134 Charlton St.

ROYAL PILLS.

Same medicinal properties as ROYAL ELIXIR, in boxes, 50 pills to box, for 25 cents.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

REMEMBER THE BIG FOUR!

Vinegar Bitters CORD.AL, delicious taste, 50c.
Vinegar Bitters POWDERS, 50 doses, 50c.
Vinegar Bitters, new style, pleasant taste, $1.00
Vinegar Bitters, old style, bitter taste, $1.00

The World's Great Blood Purifier and Life Giving Principle.

Only Temperance Bitters Known.

The past fifth of a Century the Leading Family Medicine of the World.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM — PURELY — CALIFORNIA — ALCOHOL — VINEGAR BITTERS — EUREKA

R. H. McDonald Drug Co., Proprietors, SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW YORK.

Nothing On Earth Will

MAKE HENS LAY

LIKE

Sheridan's Condition Powder!

KEEPS YOUR CHICKENS

Strong and Healthy; Prevents all Disease

Good for Moulting Hens.

It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantities worth a cent a day. No other one-fourth as strong. Strictly a medicine. One large can will save 20 to send as many to prevent it. Sold by one customer. If you can't get it send 50c. to us. Ask first. Sample for 2 cents in stamps, 6 packs $1. Large 24 lb. can, by mail, $1.20. Six large cans $5, express prepaid. Sample copy of The Best Poultry Paper sent free. Farm-Poultry one year (price 50c.) and large can $1.50. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., 52 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

TO HAVE HEALTH THE LIVER MUST BE IN ORDER.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

Cures thousands annually of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Malaria, Mood Ills result from an Unhealthy Liver than any other cause. Why suffer when you can be cured? Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator is a celebrated family medicine.

YOUR DRUGGIST WILL SUPPLY YOU.

CANCER and Tumors CURED no knife, book free. Drs. GRATIGNY & IRWIN, 165 Elm St., Cincinnati.

AN ARMY OF BEGGARS.

New York Is Very Full of Men and Women Near Starvation.

Who are these men, young and old, who clamor for patronage at the close of a performance?

You have a carriage. They rush to call it. Half a dozen rush to call the one carriage. Some one of them gets it, says a New York correspondent of the Boston Globe. They simultaneously rush to the open door. They are in your way; they embarrass your movements; each extends a hand for a dime and the one who gets it is cursed by the others.

Who are these who stand on bleak corners, handing circulars, programmes? Who are these who come to the house door when the shades of night have closed comfort and domesticity within, and, ringing, ask enough with which to buy a night's shelter? Who are these that timidly and with faint heart, late at night, sidle up to passers along the streets and ask for help?

Sometimes they are dead beats. Sometimes they are condensed offense, stenchful and infamous, but oftener, and indeed oftener than you think or imagine, they are men driven by extremity of distress and by a perfect regiment of woe to that last resort, their wits. They are at their wits' end for a fire, for a bath, for a bit of bread, for an unbroken shoe, for a moment's comfort.

You turn them from your door. The police moves them on; the societies with long names and deep pockets take time to "consider" their cases.

Who wonders that the prisons are full?

And yet, with an immensity of territory yet to be occupied, tilled and made productive, with opportunities for work in humble lines greater than ever before, with a land whose needs demand clear heads, stout hearts and willing hands, there come into this country every year hundreds of thousands of babies without the faintest natural endowment for work of any kind, save that which is known as the work of their wits.

They come into families where the mother is worn out and the father worked out. Neither has time to train the children in the way they should go. The father plods along, dies and is forgotten. The mother fades away, the girls get married and the boys drift from one field to another until finally they join the great army of ragamuffins, living by their wits and preying on their kind.

MOURNING CLOTHES IN RUSSIA

White Worn Instead of the Depressing Black.

Russia is far ahead of every other country of Europe, except Denmark, in one thing, at least; that is in the matter of mourning clothes. Beautiful and rich as is the mourning of to-day, there is something fearfully depressing about the costume of unmitigated woe which casts a gloom over everybody. How much more becoming white would be—white crape and white henrietta! How fetching a pretty young widow would be in white weeds, exclaims the Commercial Gazette, with a long cream-colored crape veil hanging down her back and a bunch of deep purple violets nestling on her bodice. White mourning has been introduced into Denmark by the czarina and has already been adopted by the English princess, who, it is hoped, will transplant the custom on English soil. The czarina recently wore a gown of cream-colored silk warp henrietta. A fold of white crepe half a yard wide trims the Russian skirt around the bottom, and bands of it ornament the bodice and form the collar and cuffs. Her small bonnet is of dull-finished white silk, entirely concealed by her long white crape veil, which falls down her back. White undressed mousquetaire gloves, heavily stiched, were worn with it and her majesty carried a translucent parasol entirely made of sheer white crape.

MISSING LINKS.

SOUTH AMERICANS get brandy from watermelon juice.

THERE never was such a person as Pope Joan, the so-called female pontiff.

THE worth of a ton of diamonds at the present day is estimated at $85,000,000.

THE mountaineers of West Virginia have a superstition that to see a milk white deer is the unfailing sign of a speedy death.

CHEHALIS county, Wash., has 30,000,000 feet of standing timber, the largest amount of any county in that heavily timbered state.

IN the poorhouse of Cass county, Mich., a man was received the other day. He was given a bath and said it had been his first in thirty years.

CENTRAL PARK, New York, contains 862 acres; Phœnix park, Dublin, 1,760 acres; Hyde park, London, 400 acres; Yellowstone national park, 2,280,000 acres.

NEWSPAPER PICKINGS.

HIGHLY COMMENDED.—Uncle—"Well, Fritz, do you like your new teacher?" Fritz—"Oh, very much; he is ill one day out of three."—Seifenblasen.

HOTEL CLERK (Chicago)—"Sir, you are leaving without your board bill!" Guest—"Of course I am! Don't take me for a freight train, do you?"—Atlanta Constitution.

SCHOOLMASTER—"Why was it that his great discovery was not properly appreciated until long after Columbus was dead?" Nineteenth Century Schoolboy—"Because he didn't advertise, sir."—Tid-Bits.

HE—"Now that our little quarrel is all made up, I would ask you to take a good cigar, if you were a man." She—"And if you were a woman, I should ask you to join me in a real good cry."—Indianapolis Journal.

"Tipping" in Europe.

The trouble over "tips" in American hotels and restaurants would be largely obviated if the European system of percentages prevailed here. No Frenchman pays extravagantly for the excellent meals he gets in Paris, but as every Frenchman pays something, the waiter is satisfied. All over Europe it is the custom to give the waiter a gratuity amounting to one-twentieth of the bill that he presents. He gets a five-cent tip for a one-dollar meal. Here a man is often expected to pay a twenty-five-cent tip for a seventy-five-cent meal, particularly when he gets in a summer hotel. In America the tips are large, the returns indifferent. In Europe a small but fixed gratuity secures the best service. The European waiter is not paid by the landlord. He often pays for his place.

WISE SAYINGS.

NO MAN can be rich while he is discontented.

SALT and light never have to go about hunting for work.

DRIVE the devil out of the family and he will soon be homeless.

THE truth that is aimed straight at the devil will be sure to make some highly respectable people dodge.

THERE is no virtue in doing what we have to do, for even the devil will behave himself when he is chained.

THE meanest man in the world will agree to everything you say about him as long as he thinks you are talking about somebody else.—Ram's Horn.

JOB :: PRINTING.

THE FREEMAN

Printing Office

Is the place to get your

JOB PRINTING

Promptly and satisfactorily executed. We will meet the prices of all honorable competition. We don't do any but first-class work and want a living price for it.

With Fast Presses and New Type

We are prepared to turn out Job Printing of every discription in the FINEST STYLE and at the very

Lowest Cash Prices.

Nothing but the best material is used and our work speaks for itself. We are prepared to print on the shortest notice

POSTERS, PROGRAMMES, BUSINESS CARDS TAGS, BILL HEADS, MONTHLY STATEMENTS ENVELOPES, LABELS, CIRCULARS, WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS CHECKS, NOTES, DRAFTS, RECEIPTS, BOND WORK, LETTER AND NOTE HEADS, AND HOP AND PARTY INVITATIONS ETC.

We can print anything from the smallest and neatest Visiting Card to the largest Poster on short notice and at the most Reasonable Rates.

The Cambria Freeman

EBENSBURG, PENN'A.

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the most

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.

PITTSBURG DEPT.,

PITTSBURG, PA.

oct18-89-1yr.

P. R. R. SCHEDULE.

Schedule in effect May 25, 1893.

Connections at Cresson.

EAST.

Seashore Express	6.30 a m
Harrisburg Accommodation	9.25 a m
Day Express	11.04 a m
Altoona Express	1.40 p m
Mail Express	5.17 p m
Philadelphia Express	8.12 p m

WEST.

Johnstown Express	8.14 a m
Pacific Express	8.37 a m
Way Passenger	2.36 p m
Mail Train	4.26 p m
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Trains leave as follows: 7.30, 10.25 a. m., and 1.35 p. m. and arrive at Cresson at 8.20, 10.50 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. Leave Cresson at 9.30, 11.27 a. m. and 5.20 p. m., and arrive at Ebensburg at 10.10 a. m. and 12.01 and 6.10 p. m.

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Leave Irvona at 6.45 a. m. and 2.40 p. m. arriving at Cresson at 8.05 a. m. and 4 p. m. Leave Cresson 9.40 a. m. and 5.18 p. m., arriving at Irvona at 11.00 a. m. and 6.34 p. m.

Sunday trains leave Cresson every Sunday at 9.30 a. m. and 5.18 p. m., arriving at Irvona at 11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.

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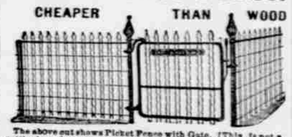

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ENTOMOLOGY AS A CAREER.

The Study of Insects Is Becoming a Very Important Business.

Economic entomology is that branch of the science which, looking beyond the mere collection and classification of insects, has to do with the control of those which injuriously affect agricultural products. Its importance is shown by the fact that its bibliography fills a volume of four hundred and fifty pages, while the Association of Economic Entomologists number some sixty active members. That the achievements of its students or professors are remarkable is shown by the statement made in a recent address by the dominion entomologist of Canada that a saving of four hundred thousand dollars' worth of agricultural product was made in North Dakota and Minnesota during 1891 by the adoption of certain measures recommended to farmers by official entomologists.

Entomology as a hobby is now widely pursued by young people and no department of natural history is more attractive, says the Youth's Companion. But the biologic study of insects, though of the first importance to the economic entomologist, is to him only the first step.

The life history of a given pest known, he aims to devise some means to control it. Some of the achievements in this line are, in a general way, well known.

The Colorado potato-beetle is practically under the thumb of parisgreen. The codling-moth, whose larva infests our apples, is readily controlled by spraying the trees with the same poison at the proper season. So with many other pests of the farmer and fruit-grower. But, as Prof. Riley estimates that one-tenth of our agricultural products is annually ruined by insects, it is evident that plenty of work remains to be done in this direction.

The total annual loss from insects in the United States is placed by the best entomological authorities at about $250,000,000. As the entomologists of the various state agricultural experiment stations and of the national department of agriculture pursue their investigations further this enormous loss will be greatly reduced.

When their labors become better known and appreciated their opportunities for work, as well as the means at their disposal, will be increased. Many more hands and brains will be needed to do the work and young men and women trained in entomology will be called for as assistants.

Most of the states have